

# Module 7

## Introduction to Criteria

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- What exactly is meant by the term "Criteria"?
  - What do the WQS regulations require for state adopted criteria?
  - For what types of criteria has EPA developed recommendations?

# Water Quality Criteria (40 CFR 131.3)

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- Discussed in Sections 304(a) and 303(c) of the Act
  - A concentration, level or narrative statement
  - Represent a level of water quality that supports a particular use
  - When criteria are met, water quality will protect the designated use

# Water Quality Criteria

## 1 Word - 2 Meanings

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- ◆ Scientifically defensible guidance developed and published by EPA per CWA § 304(a)
    - ▶ Basis for Federal promulgation when necessary
  
  - ◆ Adopted part of State/Tribal WQS
    - ▶ Section 303(c)

# Water Quality Criteria Requirements (40 CFR 131.11)

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- States/Tribes Must adopt criteria that protect the designated use
    - ◆ Based on a sound, scientific rationale
    - ◆ Sufficient parameters to protect the designated use
    - ◆ Must support the most sensitive use (for waters with multiple use designations)

# Water Quality Criteria: Forms (40 CFR 131.11b)

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- States and Tribes should adopt numeric criteria based on:
    - ◆ 304(a) guidance
    - ◆ 304(a) guidance modified to reflect site specific conditions
    - ◆ Other scientifically defensible methods
  - States/Tribes should adopt narrative criteria:
    - ◆ Where numeric criteria cannot be established
    - ◆ Or to supplement numeric criteria

# Special Criteria Requirements for CWA 307(a) "Priority Pollutants"

- 1987 CWA Amendment - CWA Section 303(c)(2)(B)
- For 307(a) Pollutants Where EPA Has Published 304(a) Guidance - States Shall Adopt Numeric Criteria Where Discharge/Presence Can Reasonably be Expected to Interfere with Designated Uses
- States Must Identify How They Intend to Regulate Point Sources of Priority Pollutants if They Use Narrative Criteria
- EPA Promulgation

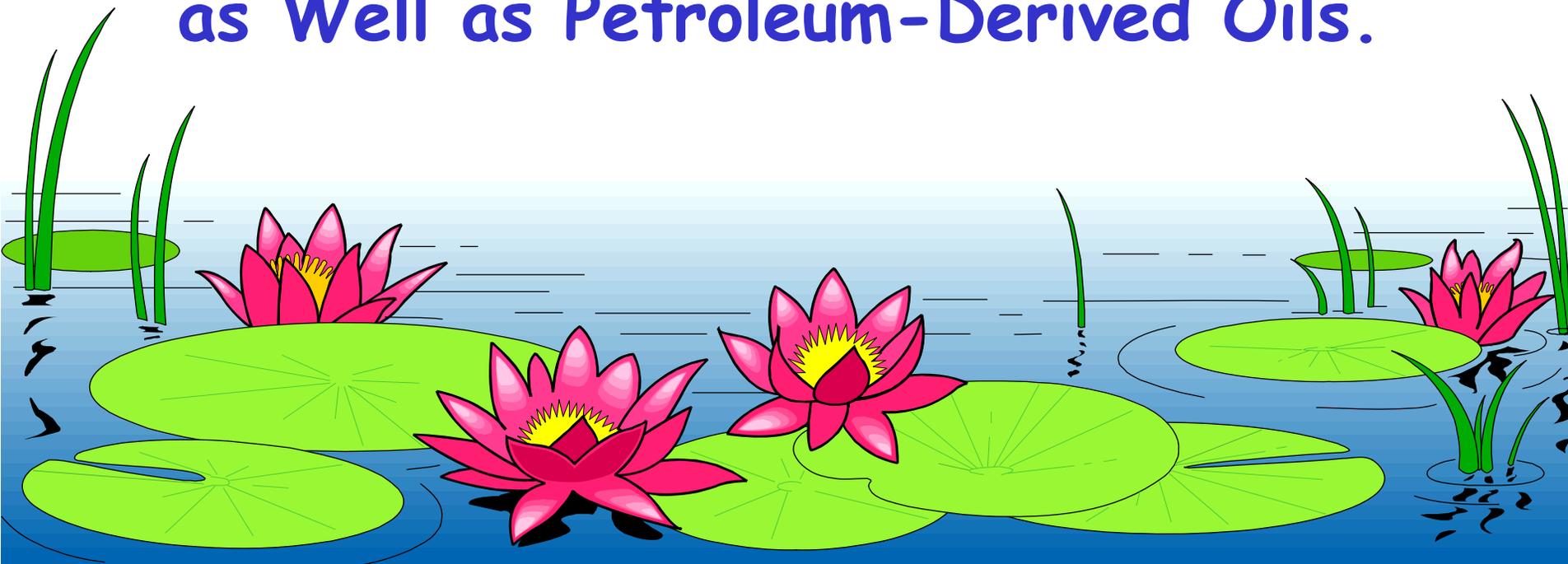
# NUMERIC CRITERION EXAMPLE

For the protection of Human Health from the Toxic Effects of Copper, the Concentration of Copper in Water Should not Exceed the Recommended Criterion Level of 1300  $\mu\text{g}/\text{L}$ .



# NARRATIVE CRITERION EXAMPLE

- Surface Waters Shall be Virtually Free from Floating Non-Petroleum Oils of Vegetable or Animal Origin, as Well as Petroleum-Derived Oils.



# TYPES OF WATER QUALITY CRITERIA

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- Human Health Criteria
- Bacteriological Criteria
- Aquatic Life Criteria
- Sediment Quality Assessments
- Biological Criteria
- Nitrogen and Phosphorus Criteria
- Others

# HUMAN HEALTH CRITERIA

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- Expressed as a Pollutant Concentration Based on:
  - Toxicological Assessment
  - Exposure Scenario
- Calculated for Ingestion of:
  - Aquatic Organisms Only
  - Water and Aquatic Organisms

# BACTERIOLOGICAL CRITERIA

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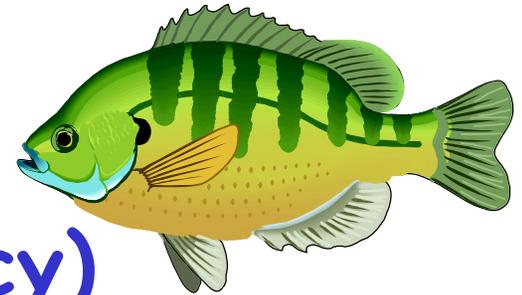
- Expressed as a Bacterial Indicator Concentration Based on:
  - Epidemiological Studies
  - Selected Unacceptable Illness Rate
- Intended to Protect Recreational Uses from Unacceptable Rate of Gastrointestinal Illness During Swimming

# AQUATIC LIFE CRITERIA

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## Contain:

- A Concentration of Exposure
  - (how much - magnitude)
- A Time Period of Exposure
  - (how long - duration)
- A Frequency of Exposure
  - (how often - frequency)



# AQUATIC LIFE CRITERION EXAMPLE

Freshwater Aquatic Organisms and their Uses Shall not be Affected Unacceptably if the *4-Day Average* Concentration of Chemical X does not Exceed *2.0  $\mu\text{g/L}$*  more than *Once Every 3 Years* on the Average, and if the *1-hour Average* Concentration does not Exceed *4.3  $\mu\text{g/L}$*  more than *once every three years* on the Average.



# FOUR TYPES OF AQUATIC LIFE CRITERIA

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**Saltwater:  
Chronic  
(4-Day Average)**

**Freshwater:  
Chronic  
(4-Day Average)**

**Saltwater:  
Acute  
(1-Hour Average)**

**Freshwater:  
Acute  
(1-Hour Average)**

# SEDIMENT QUALITY ASSESSMENTS

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Types of Assessments include:

- Sediment chemistry
- Sediment toxicity
- Benthic community
- Bioaccumulation

# BIOLOGICAL CRITERIA

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- Biological Criteria Describe the Desired Biological Condition of Surface Waters for a Specific Aquatic Life Designated Use
- Developed Based on an Appropriate Reference Condition
- Expressed as Narrative or Numeric

# EXAMPLES OF BIOCRITERIA

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- **Narrative:**
  - “...Free From Substances in Concentrations or Combinations That Would Adversely Alter the Structure and Function of Aquatic Communities, as Defined by the Reference Condition”
- **Numeric:**
  - Index of Biotic Integrity (IBI)
  - Observed / Expected
  - Biomass

# NUTRIENT CRITERIA

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- Expressions of Allowable Levels of Nutrients Related Biological and Chemical Response Variables to Protect Aquatic Life and Recreational Uses
- Developed for Specific Ecoregions /Waterbody Types Based on a Reference Condition or Other Scientifically Defensible Approach
  - e.g., Stressor - Response