



FY 25/26 Special Projects

Prospect Island Tidal
Habitat **Restoration Project**

Attachment A
Executive Officer's Report

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Introduction

Annual work plans are developed to guide the Board’s numerous water quality programs over the course of a fiscal year (July 1 to June 30). One critical element of these work plans is the division of staff work between “core” activities, like updating permits, conducting compliance inspections, and managing monitoring data, and “special projects,” which are special projects designed to enhance productivity or achieve a program’s strategic objectives. (These projects were previously referred to as “Priorities” or “Priority Projects,” but the name has been changed for clarity.) Examples of special projects include the development of a General Order to regulate multiple facilities or a special enforcement initiative.

Program Managers work with the Executive Management Team (the Executive Officer, the Assistant Executive Officers, and the Administrative Officer) to ensure that their annual work plans strike an appropriate balance between core activities and special projects. In certain years, core regulatory work may consume all available resources, while in other years a Program Manager may be able to devote significant staff time to special projects.

Each December, the Executive Officer appends a set of special projects in the Executive Officer’s Report. This kicks off the annual work plan life cycle, which concludes 20 months later when the Executive Officer reports back to the Board on the implementation of the previous year’s workplan. This process for the 25/26 workplans will generally look like this:



Permitting Programs

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permitting Program

Development of Coordinated Outreach Effort

The Program will work to develop a coordinated approach with other Board programs to provide meaningful outreach to tribal and environmental justice stakeholders. This project will culminate by the end of the fiscal year with an annual outreach letter describing the Board's planned permits and projects for the upcoming fiscal year.

Waste Discharge Requirements Program

Initiating WDR Program Integration with GeoTracker

Currently, dischargers submit reports and data via email, which requires significant manual processing by staff. To streamline this process, the WDR Program will begin transitioning to utilizing GeoTracker for report submittals. This shift will reduce the administrative burden on staff and allow staff to electronically download and manage data more efficiently. Additionally, using GeoTracker will provide the public with easier access to data, improving transparency. The program will ease into this transition by initially requiring GeoTracker for new permits and enrollments. Initially, staff will require discharger to submit reports via GeoTracker in new individual WDRs, enrollments under the State Water Board Winery General Order, and enrollments under the proposed Central Valley Water Board General Orders for mid-sized wastewater treatment plants, nut processing facilities, and fruit/vegetable packing facilities.

Management of the Nitrate Control Program Priority 1 Dischargers

WDR Permitting staff will be tasked with updating Waste Discharge Requirements (WDRs) for dischargers participating in Priority 1 Management Zones under the Nitrate Control Program. This effort involves amending over one hundred WDRs to incorporate the necessary requirements and conditions for dischargers in these zones. These updates are essential to ensure compliance with the Nitrate Control Program's objectives and will require coordinated efforts across multiple programs to meet the program deadlines efficiently.

Adoption of General Orders for Mid-Sized Wastewater Treatment Plants, Nut Processing Facilities, and Fruit/Vegetable Packing Facilities

Staff will focus on finalizing the General Orders for mid-sized wastewater treatment plants, nut processing facilities, and fruit/vegetable packing facilities, for adoption by the Central Valley Water Board. These General Orders will enhance regulatory consistency across these sectors and significantly reduce the permitting backlog as facilities are enrolled. By streamlining the permitting process, this effort will allow for more efficient oversight and ensure timely compliance with regulatory requirements. The adoption and

implementation of these WDRs will also help ensure compliance with the Salt and Nitrate Control Programs.

Water Quality Certifications Program

Staff Technical Training Resulting from Sackett Decision

Following the U.S. Supreme Court's *Sackett* Ruling, State Water Board and the Regional Water Quality Control Boards identified a need for staff to replace services previously provided by federal agencies (e.g., U.S. EPA and U.S. Army Corps of Engineers). In July 2024, a budget change proposal was approved to support additional staff, as well as training for all Program staff, for this purpose. During FY 25/26, Program staff will complete specific training which includes advanced aquatic resource delineation and verification; waters of the United States overview; and the "Stream Duration Assessment Method". One or more staff (ideally one staff from each office) will also participate in intensive "Train the Trainer" field training during the fiscal year and will commit to train fellow staff.

Wildfire Mitigation

Central Valley Water Board staff along with those of other Regional Boards have worked extensively with State Water Board staff over the past two fiscal years to develop a proposed Statewide Electric Utility General Order (Order). The proposed Order covers electric utility wildfire prevention, response, and other similar routine operation and maintenance activities that may discharge waste into waters of the state. State Water Board staff plan to present the proposed Order for consideration of adoption in early spring 2025. Should the Order be adopted, Program staff will need to devote time toward program development and implementation. Management also anticipates a significant increase in workload to process applications and conduct inspections to ensure compliance with the proposed Order.

Stormwater Program

Targeted Inspections of Industrial Stormwater Sites

A process to identify industrial stormwater cases for follow-up has been developed. Consistent with the Central Valley Water Board's racial equity resolution, consideration of impacts to environmental justice communities is a factor in determining priority rankings, along with documented pollutant benchmark concentration exceedances, repeated failures to submit reports, and failures to collect water quality samples. An end-of-year report will be developed to document the number and percentage of industrial stormwater inspections conducted in communities with CalEnviroScreen scores greater than 90 (most heavily burdened).

Transition Program Management of Stormwater Program

Due to a planned retirement, program management of the Stormwater Program will transition to new staff. The program's Executive Sponsor will work with the new

manager to assess program goals and needs and develop a plan for future program implementation.

Planning, Monitoring and Assessment Programs

Basin Planning

Implementation of Triennial Review Projects

Projects for the Board's Basin Planning Program are adopted through the triennial review, a structured review of basin planning proposals that occurs every three years. The triennial review incorporates environmental justice and tribal concerns in its prioritization framework. Special projects for the Basin Planning Program are therefore incorporated into the triennial review.

CV-SALTS

Nitrate Control Program Transition Plan

Board staff, including the CV-SALTS Program and Permitting Programs, will focus on implementing the Nitrate Control Program Transition Plan. This will involve transferring responsibilities from the Planning Section to a Nitrate Control Program Coordinator (Environmental Program Manager I, Specialist) and Permitting Program Leads. Responsibilities that will be transferred include tracking permitting pathway selection, correspondence with Path A permittees and Management Zones (Path B), document tracking and review, responding to deliverables, and program reporting.

CV-SALTS management and staff will continue to provide support for Salt and Nitrate Control Programs participant tracking, drinking water plans and implementation, and answering questions from other Central Valley Water Board program staff (e.g., Irrigated Lands Regulatory Program, Non-15, Confined Animals Facilities, etc.) and the public.

Nitrate Control Program Implementation Support

CV-SALTS staff will support Permitting Programs' effort on permit revisions related to the Nitrate Control Program Priority 1 Management Zone Implementation Plans (MZIPs).

Staff will ensure dischargers in Priority 2 groundwater basins comply with the Nitrate Control Program on permitting pathway selection and program requirements and will support the development of new or expanded Management Zones in Priority 2 basins. In addition, the CV-SALTS Team will contribute to reviewing the required deliverables from permittees in Priority 2 areas (Nitrate Assessment Reports, Preliminary Management Zone Proposals, Early Action Plans, Final Management Zone Proposals, and MZIPs).

Staff will continue to serve as Central Valley Water Board liaisons at stakeholder implementation meetings, including Nitrate Control Program Management Zone support meetings. Staff will also continue to support enforcement efforts directed at permittees who do not comply with program requirements.

Integration of Drinking Water Well Monitoring with Nitrate Control Program

ILRP staff will continue to work directly with coalition members to fulfill drinking water well monitoring requirements while prioritizing impacted drinking water well user notification. ILRP staff will coordinate with CV-SALTS staff to integrate the ILRP drinking water well monitoring results with the Management Zone efforts under the Nitrate Control Program to ensure persons whose domestic wells are contaminated with nitrates in Priority I and II areas are provided with options to obtain free, safe drinking water. The goal of this coordination is to bring ILRP and Management Zone data sets together and compel specific notification from Management Zones to residents with ILRP monitored wells exceeding objectives. The notification would describe available alternatives for free replacement drinking water. This project will focus on finalizing notification for residents in Priority 1 areas and ensuring data sets are coordinated for Priority 2 areas.

Salt Control Program Implementation Support

CV-SALTS management and staff will continue to support Phase 1 of the Salt Control Program, the Prioritization & Optimization Study. Staff will coordinate with stakeholders to characterize the status of salinity in the Central Valley, develop salinity planning targets, and evaluate salinity management solutions to inform Phases 2 and 3 of the Salt Control Program. Staff will also continue to support enforcement efforts directed at permittees who do not comply with program requirements.

Nonpoint Source Program

IMPLEMENTATION OF NPS 5-YEAR PLAN

Implement projects that address NPS 5-Year Plan focus areas: CV-SALTS, Wildfire Response, and Agriculture. Continue to focus on prioritizing implementation efforts for communities based on racial equity and environmental justice concerns through the 319(h) grant program.

Total Maximum Daily Load (TMDL) Program

Delta Mercury Control Program and associated Methylmercury TMDL

In FY 25/26, the TMDL Program will continue work on the Delta Mercury Control Program and associated Methylmercury TMDL (DMCP) by identifying modifications are needed to the DMCP based on more recent data and information provided in the control and characterization studies. Board staff will also implement an outreach component summarizing the new information and seeking input from stakeholders, communities,

tribes, and the Board. The TMDL Program expects to conduct a meeting to receive input on proposed modifications in FY 25/26.

Administrative Support Program

Advancing Racial Equity

To align with state and agency-wide equity goals, the Administrative Program will continue to focus on actively recruiting and retaining a diverse workforce reflective of the communities served. The Administrative Program will also be continuing to support State Water Board staff in implementing comprehensive racial equity training programs to enhance cultural competence and address implicit bias. Racial equity trainings will be reported in Executive Officer Reports to the Board.

Office Optimization and Lease Renewals

Efficiently managing our office facilities is critical to supporting staff and maintaining operational effectiveness. The Administrative Program will continue to work with State Board and the Department of General Services to evaluate lease renewal agreements for all office locations within the Central Valley region to ensure they align with operational needs and fiscal responsibility. Work with staff and stakeholders to minimize disruptions during relocations or lease transitions, ensuring the continuity of services.

Strengthening Administrative Operations

To support our program's core activities and broader organizational objectives, the Administrative Program will focus on enhancing administrative functions by developing tools and metrics to track progress on racial equity, recruitment and office space initiatives, ensuring transparency and accountability. The Program will also revisit available technology options to streamline administrative workflows, improve communication, and enhance remote work capabilities.

Special Permitting Programs

Irrigated Lands Regulatory Program (ILRP)

Strategic Engagement with Socially Disadvantaged Growers

ILRP staff will work with UC Extension Small Farms Advisors to support the implementation of a funding contract to assist small-scale, socially disadvantaged farmers with Irrigated Lands Regulatory Program Compliance. The project will be completed in June of 2026. Deliverables include a final report containing targeted outreach materials, a summary of technical assistance activities, and recommendations. Staff will participate in field events and meetings, review quarterly progress reports, and continue to coordinate with the Kings River Water Quality Coalition to update alternative nitrogen reporting requirements (if needed) based on final report recommendations.

Draft Updates to ILRP Orders to Include CV-SALTS Priority 1 MZIP Requirements

ILRP staff will work with ILRP Coalitions, Management Zone representatives, Environmental Justice representatives, CDFA, and the State Water Board to draft proposed updates to ILRP Orders to include Priority 1 MZIP requirements.

Oil Fields Program

Finalize Implementation of the first Racial Equity goal outlined in the Board's Racial Equity Resolution

For FY25/26, program staff will finalize the development of an inventory list to assess which sites are located near DAC and BIPOC communities and identify sites for program work prioritization.

Land Disposal Program

Programmatic Document Updates

Staff turnover throughout the Central Valley Water Board has been significant in the last several years. Staff with decades of experience are also anticipated to depart the program over the next couple years. Due to this, the program is losing significant institutional knowledge. Methods to retain knowledge include documentation of past experiences to better develop efficient workflows and consistent application of Title 27 regulations throughout the program. Two documents where knowledge retention and permit efficiency can be realized include the Land Disposal Program Manual and the Waste Discharge Requirement (WDR) template. The WDR template was last updated in 2020, but several programmatic and legal changes have occurred since revision, and this will be the focus in Fiscal Year 2025-2026. Updates to the WDR template will require coordination amongst multiple units, offices, and with targeted support from the Office of Chief Counsel and Office of Enforcement. Achievement of this task will result in an updated template that will be used by staff across all three offices in the following fiscal year. Subsequent priorities for Fiscal Year 2025-2026 are presented below but their completion will be subject to successful conclusion of the WDR template update.

Facility Prioritization & Planning

Facilities regulated by the Land Disposal Program are often able to anticipate future workload and construction needs a minimum of five years away. However, that information is not always readily available within the Land Disposal Program. As a result, workload planning is often driven by Discharger request instead of a calculated plan. To better promote racial equity goals, anticipate future workload, coordinate with compliance and enforcement, and assess resource demand and training or staff development needs, staff of the Land Disposal Program will work with dischargers to update or develop approximate timelines for WDR development. It is anticipated the

timelines and status updates will be conveyed to the Land Disposal Program manager for maintenance of a Gantt-chart (or similar) outlook for the program that can readily be accessible and updated in real time. This timeline will also support the issuance of requests for Reports of Waste Dischargers pursuant to California Water Code Section 13260 that align with anticipated WDR development timelines. To assess task achievement, the process will begin after completion of the WDR template update above and a Gantt Chart (or similar) will be developed by the end of the fiscal year and presented in the following year's Work Plan. For 2025-2026, the focus will be on active facilities with subsequent revisions in future years to incorporate closed and inactive facilities.

Land Disposal Program Website Development

The Land Disposal Program currently does not have a standalone website through the Central Valley Water Board. It is instead merged with the non-15 Waste Discharge Requirement Program and the Overview of Board Programs webpages. The Overview of Board Programs page is also outdated with accomplishments dating back to Fiscal Year 2021/2022. A program-specific webpage would promote public transparency and serve as a convenient location with tools and resources for dischargers. Achievement of this task will result in the development and publication of a publicly accessible Land Disposal Program webpage.

Confined Animal Facilities Program

Dairy Digesters

It is anticipated that 43 anaerobic digesters will be installed at dairies to capture methane from dairy wastewater and improve wastewater quality discharged to nearby cropland. This priority project will require Board staff to review and approve the design reports, post-construction reports, and final fill reports for each digester. Reports will be submitted throughout the year and report review status will be monitored monthly to reduce the bottleneck of digester installation due to a backlog of report reviews.

Dairy General Order Revision

On 1 October 2024, the State Water Board released a draft Dairy Order in response to a petition to review Central Valley Water Board's Reissued Waste Discharge Requirements of Existing Milk Cow Dairies (Order No. R5-2013-0122). When the State Water Board adopts the draft Dairy Order, Board staff will prioritize the development of general order revisions based on direction from the State Water Board.

Mines Program

Program Staffing

During the first quarter of Fiscal Year 24/25 core program staffing resources were reduced from 4.38 PYs to 2.68 PYs (39% reduction). Until we can fill these vacancies,

Fiscal Year 25/26 priorities will focus on the redistribution and prioritization of program work in efforts to keep critical tasks from being overlooked. Program resources will focus on the following key sites in the upcoming fiscal year.

Efforts on Key Sites

Newton Mine: Further coordinate with the Department of Conservation on developing a contract to implement funding that has been allocated to address water quality issues at the mine.

Afterthought Mine Superfund Site: Support USEPA in its site assessment work and future Operational Unit development and remedy selection(s).

Sulphur Bank Mercury Mine Superfund Site: Support USEPA, other agencies, and Tribal governments in the oversight and implementation of USEPA's Operable Unit 1 Record of Decision (ROD).

Walker Mine: Oversight of ARCO in its implementation of the Cleanup and Abatement Order requirements.

Rising Star Mine: Develop long-term solutions for RS-500 mine pool management and site operation and maintenance activities at the mines. Oversee distribution of Cleanup and Abatement Account settlement funds. Begin preparations for transitioning long-term stewardship from the Lyondell Environmental Custodial Trust to State oversight once Trust funds have been exhausted.

Cannabis Program

Hiring and training additional enforcement staff in the Redding Office

The Program will hire one senior specialist and additional staff in the Redding office. While the hiring process may be completed before the start of FY 25/26, new staff will require extensive in-house and field training to achieve full operational potential. It is anticipated that the Program Manager and key program staff will spend up to 300 hours during FY 25/26 mentoring/training the new senior and staff on existing processes. These efforts will involve training and making improvements to templates, workflow, document production, and enforcement processes to increase program efficiency and productivity regionwide and in-line with the 2020 Executive Oversight Committee recommendations. The additional staff will allow the Program to place increased emphasis on enforcement activities across the priority watersheds identified in the program work plan. It is expected that the senior specialist will focus on moving the most egregious cases through the progressive enforcement process, up to and including development of Cleanup and Abatement Orders and Administrative Civil Liability Complaints.

Shift Program Focus to 80% Enforcement and 20% Permitting/Compliance

At the direction of the Water Boards' Executive Oversight Committee, the overall ratio of enforcement to permitting tasks will transition from 50/50 to 80/20. Additional resources noted above will allow the Program to tackle the most egregious illicit cannabis sites using formal enforcement tools.

Case Triage, Helicopter Flyovers, and Backlog Reduction

The Program's supporting managers and key staff will continue efforts to align resources with workload by triaging the program case backlog. Staff will evaluate all open enforcement cases, including observing site status through helicopter flyovers, then categorize open cases by water quality risk. Staff will administratively close inactive, low water quality risk sites and identify sites requiring progressive enforcement, up to and including CAOs or ACLs. The case triage effort is expected to take approximately 400 hours of staff time, which may temporarily divert time from inspections. This effort goes beyond typical case management and is necessary to maintain an appropriate workload. The goal is to reduce open cases from previous years from approximately 144 cases to less than 100.

Note: The nature of cannabis staff attending warrant inspections/operations has historically required that staff attend some low-priority inspections that were included by law enforcement on operations plans. These low-priority cases were correspondingly added to the Program's case backlog, often without the intention of staff pursuing further enforcement. The Program has recently solved this issue by developing processes to avoid adding low-priority cases to our caseload, even when we must attend the inspection, and only focusing on enforcement of sites with higher risk to water quality.

Forest Activities Program

Passive and Pumping Sampler Testing Project

Staff will provide subject matter expertise in the review of passive and pumping sampler testing in coordination with the USGS and UCD to ensure appropriate selection of sampling device type when sampling headwater streams for pesticides. This effort is intended to complement the lab methodology validation and accreditation process through the State Water Board's Office of Information Management and Analysis (OIMA) contract with Southern California Coastal Water Research Project (SCCWRP) that will conclude in March 2025. It is intended that the final lab methodology will allow a single water sample to be scanned for a lengthy list of pesticides and degradants.

Task Force Action Plan

The Governor's Wildfire and Forest Resilience Task Force is expected to revise the 2021 Action Plan in early 2025. While the specifics are unknown at this time, given our experience with the 2021 Action Plan and legislation that has recently been signed, it is

reasonable to expect the next iteration to include actions intended to: further multi-agency regulatory streamlining objectives, facilitate pre-fire activities (such as vegetation management, strategic firebreak development, ingress and egress projects for communities most at risk), and facilitate (and fund) post-fire restoration activities. Each of these actions has the potential to require a response from Central Valley Water Board staff involved in the Forest Activities Program.

Restoration Strategy

Staff will coordinate with other internal Board programs to develop a strategy to address the ever-increasing responsibilities and broadening scope of the Forest Activities Program. The strategy will consider objectives outlined in Central Valley Water Board Resolution R5-2022-0067 and pertinent components of the State Water Board's proposed 2025/2030 Non-Point Source Implementation Plan to ensure long-term sustainability, specifically regarding wildfire restoration

Enforcement and Cleanup

Compliance and Enforcement Program

CV-SALTS Compliance Initiative

In FY 20/21, the CV-SALTS Basin Plan amendments became effective and notices to comply were issued to dischargers. Responses have been received in FYs 20/21 and 21/22, with program staff tracking responses in a database or spreadsheet. Responses from these 1000+ facilities have been distributed among multiple program's staff to review, evaluate, approve, and follow-up. In FY 23/24, Compliance and Enforcement Program staff continued to coordinate with and support CV-SALTS program staff to implement the Salt and Nitrate Control Programs in NPDES permits including issuance of Notices of Deficiency, Notices of Violation, developing permit language, and ongoing enrollment for new dischargers within the Central Valley's priority salt and nitrate control program areas. In FY 25/26, it is anticipated that additional compliance and enforcement support will be needed to support enrollment and compliance with the CV-SALTS program, such as progressive enforcement for those enrollees not making progress.

Enhanced Engagement with Disadvantaged/Environmental Justice Communities

Compliance and Enforcement Program staff, with assistance from the State Board's Office of Public Participation, is continuing to engage with multiple stakeholders in the Central Valley Region including Counties, Cities, Caltrans, California Department of Fish and Wildlife, and the Central Valley Flood Control Board, as well as community residents from the region, to form working groups to tackle environmental justice efforts where similar goals can be accomplished by working cooperatively, leveraging resources, and coordinating efforts. The Compliance and Enforcement Program continues to prioritize, and reprioritize, enforcement cases that rise to the level of urgency utilizing tools such as CalEnviroScreen.

Site Cleanup Program

SCAP Contract Implementation

During Fiscal Year 24/25, the State Water Resources Control Board's Site Cleanup Sub Account awarded a \$2.64M contract to support Central Valley Water Board Site Cleanup staff identifying the source of contamination at nine sites. During Fiscal Year 25/26, Site Cleanup staff will work with the selected contractor to investigate the extent of impact at these previously unassessed sites and to identify the source of contamination. Once the source is identified, staff will work to bring the associated discharger to participate in voluntary cleanup or enforcement driven cleanup, as warranted. During FY 25/26 staff aim to advance five of the nine sites to either a cleanup phase or to regulatory closure. Successful implementation of these funds will support future funding of previously unsupported contaminated sites.

Emerging Contaminants

In April 2024, the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) issued Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs) for PFAS. In FY 24/25, staff have begun assessing and prioritizing PFAS affected sites in the Central Valley Region. In addition, the State Water Resources Control Board has initiated sampling several thousand water supply wells across the State. During FY 25/26, staff will continue to evaluate newly available PFAS data, risks presented to sensitive receptors, and work alongside other Regional Board programs to identify measures to address PFAS contamination.

Racial Equity

Site Cleanup staff will continue to implement the goals presented in the Central Valley Water Board's Racial Equity Resolution. Site Cleanup specific goals identified in the resolution include:

- ensuring staff are trained in the use of GeoTracker tools and layers
- presenting CalEnviroScreen scores and demographics of communities surrounding SCP sites; and
- developing revisions to public outreach guidelines to incorporate "equitable, culturally relevant community outreach to promote meaningful civil engagement."

Underground Storage Tank Program

Single Walled Tanks

Health and Safety Code 25292.05 requires that all single walled tanks be removed by 31 December 2025. There are 214 permitted facilities with single walled tanks in the Central Valley region. Based on our experience with single-walled tank removals in California, approximately 25% of those facilities will become cases. This means that there may be 50 new cases generated across our three offices with approximately 20 cases in Sacramento, 25 in Fresno, and 5 in Redding.

CUPAs are the lead agencies for implementing this regulation. OE UST Enforcement Unit will also support CUPA activities. For this fiscal year, we will work with the Office of Enforcement and contact all CUPAs with single-walled tanks that have not been removed by the deadline.

Revisit Program Targets with State Board

The two work plan metrics tracked in the State Board’s Annual Performance Report are the number of cases closed and the number of cases with a status change from “investigation” to “remediation.” The latter was chosen to represent the progress of cases toward cleanup and closure. Although this performance measure was useful over the last decade, it is no longer as meaningful since many cases in “site assessment” status involve recalcitrant parties. Additionally, when the conceptual site model is completed, many times there is no need to conduct active remediation.

Environmental Justice

In December 2022, the Regional Board approved Resolution R5-2022-0067, which affirmed the Central Valley Board’s commitment to racial equity. The resolution has two racial equity goals for the UST program:

- Develop a means of prioritizing efforts to move stalled cases toward closure where cases are located with environmental justice communities.
- Develop public outreach guidelines to incorporate meaningful civil engagement consistent with the requirements of Assembly Bill 2108.

Previous workplans referred high priority cases to the Stalled Case Program. The Stalled Case Program members include staff from State Board, EPA, EPA’s consultant, and our UST Program units from our three Central Valley Water Board Regional offices (Redding, Sacramento, and Fresno). We currently have approximately 50 stalled cases within the Stalled Case Program of which many cases are located within disadvantaged communities. For those cases within disadvantaged communities that are eligible for closure or where remedial action plans are being proposed, the cases with higher scores from CalEnviroScreen 4.0 will be given priority and trigger additional outreach efforts to those communities as needed.

During the fiscal year, review all cases with a score of 90 or above (57 cases).