CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD COLORADO RIVER BASIN REGION

BOARD ORDER R7-2013-0039

WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS
FOR
NILAND SANITARY DISTRICT, OWNER/OPERATOR
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY EMERGENCY STANDBY BASINS
Niland – Imperial County

The California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Colorado River Basin Region (Regional Water Board) finds that:

- 1. Niland Sanitary District (Discharger), P.O. Box 40, Niland, California, 92257, owns and operates a publicly owned wastewater treatment works (POTW) that provides services to approximately 1,000 residents and businesses in the unincorporated community of Niland, Imperial County. The POTW is located at 125 Alcott Road, Niland, California 92257.
- 2. The POTW is located in the Northwest ¼ of Section 9, Township 11 South, Range 14 East, San Bernardino Base & Meridian and is shown on the Location and Vicinity Map Attachment A, incorporated herein and made part of this Board Order by reference.
- 3. The POTW has a total design capacity of 0.5 Million Gallons per Day (MGD) and consists of a manual bar screen, three lined partial mix aerated stabilization ponds connected in series, and a chlorination/dechlorination system. The POTW also includes three unlined earthen emergency standby basins (Standby Basins) as shown on the Facility Layout diagram in Attachment B. The treatment units and process flow are shown in the Process Flow Schematic shown in Attachment C, both attachments are incorporated herein and made part of this Board Order by reference.
- 4. These Waste Discharge Requirements (WDRs) allow the intermittent use of the Standby Basins to divert untreated and partially treated wastewater during emergencies and/or routine maintenance of the treatment units.
- Treated wastewater from the POTW is discharged into the "R" Drain, a water of the United States, within the Salton Sea Watershed, pursuant to Regional Water Board Order R7-2008-0020, and revisions thereto, National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit (NPDES) CA104451.

Wastewater Discharge to Standby Basins

- 6. The discharger reports that its Standby Basins consist of the following components: two interconnected basins labeled Standby Basin 1A and Standby Basin 1B, and Standby Basin 2 illustrated in Attachment C. Waste into Standby Basins 1A and 1B can flow directly from the collection system before the headworks. Standby Basins 1A and 1B have a total capacity of approximately 450,000 gallons at the 2-feet of freeboard elevation. Standby Basin 2 is connected to the lift station and has a capacity of approximately 2 million gallons at the 2-feet of freeboard elevation.
- 7. Discharge of wastewater to Standby Basins 1A and 1B has been regulated by WDRs

prescribed under Board Order 92-021 adopted by the Regional Water Board on March 11, 1992. Board Order 92-021 does not describe Basin 2, which has been available for use by the Discharger since 1993, and hence Board 92-021 does not accurately reflect the capacity and location of the emergency standby basins used by the Discharger. Board Order R7-2013-0039 updates the WDRs prescribed under Board Order 92-021 to be consistent with current state policies and regulations and to accurately reflect current conditions.

Hydrogeologic Conditions

- 8. The POTW is on a site that is relatively flat at an average elevation of 180 ft below sea level, and is not within a FEMA designated 100-year flood plain.
- 9. Annual precipitation averages about two (2) inches/year.
- 10. Evapotranspiration rate is estimated to be approximately 71 inches per year.
- 11. The Salton Sea is approximately 4.5 miles to the West.
- 12. There is an agricultural drain channel referred to as "R" Drain approximately 250 feet north from the Standby Basins 1A and 1B.
- 13. There are no water supply wells within one mile of the wastewater treatment facilities. The water supply for the community is water from the Colorado River delivered to Niland by the Imperial Irrigation District's canal system.
- 14. Wastewater influent is collected from Niland Sanitary District jurisdictional boundaries.
- 15. The project site is located in the seismically active Imperial Valley and is considered likely to be subject to moderate to strong ground motion from earthquakes.

Basin Plan, Beneficial Uses, and Regulatory Considerations

- 16. The Water Quality Control Plan for the Colorado River Basin Region of California (Basin Plan), as amended to date, designates beneficial uses and establishes water quality objectives for ground and surface waters in the Region, and contains implementation programs and policies to achieve objectives. In addition, State Water Resources Control Board (State Water Board) Resolution 88-63 requires that, with certain exceptions, the Regional Water Board assign the municipal and domestic supply use to water bodies that do not have beneficial uses listed in the Basin Plan.
- 17. The discharge is within the Imperial Hydrologic Unit. The beneficial uses of groundwater in the Imperial Hydrologic Unit include:
 - a. Municipal supply (MUN)
 - b. Industrial supply (IND)
- 18. Section 13267 of the California Water Code (CWC) authorizes the Regional Water Boards to require technical and monitoring reports. The Monitoring and Reporting Program (MRP), included herein and made part of this Board Order establishes monitoring and reporting requirements to implement federal and state requirements.
- 19. This Order establishes WDRs pursuant to Division 7, Chapter 4, Article 4, of the CWC for

discharges that are not subject to regulation under Clean Water Act (CWA) Section 402 (33 U.S.C. Section 1342).

The discharge authorized by this Board Order, and treatment and treatment and storage facilities associated with discharges of treated municipal wastewater, except for discharges of residual sludge and solid waste, are exempt from the requirements of the Consolidated Regulations for Treatment, Storage, Processing, or Disposal of Solid Waste, as set forth in Title 27, CCR, Division 2, Subdivision 1 (Title 27), commencing with section 20005. This exemption is based on Section 20090(a) of Title 27, which states in relevant part that discharges of domestic sewage or treated effluent are exempt provided that such discharges are regulated by WDRs, or for which WDRs have been waived, and which are consistent with applicable water quality objectives, and treatment or storage facilities associated with municipal wastewater treatment plants, provided that residual sludges or solid waste from wastewater treatment facilities shall be discharged only in accordance with the applicable Title 27 provisions: The Discharger's compliance with this Order results in meeting the applicable Title 27 provisions. The discharge is domestic sewage this Board Order regulates that discharge in a manner consistent with applicable surface and ground water quality objectives, and residual sludges or solid waste from the Facility will be managed pursuant to Title 27.

Groundwater Degradation

21. State Water Board Resolution 68-16 ("Policy with Respect to Maintaining High Quality Waters of the State"), hereinafter Resolution 68-16 states:

"Whenever the existing quality of water is better than the quality established in policies as of the date on which such policies become effective, such existing high quality will be maintained until it has been demonstrated to the State that any change will be consistent with maximum benefit to the people of the State, will not unreasonably affect present and anticipated beneficial use of such water and will not result in water quality less than that prescribed in the policies."

Resolution 68-16 further states:

"Any activity which produces or may produce a waste or increased volume or concentration of waste and which discharges or proposes to discharge to existing high quality waters will be required to meet waste discharge requirements which will result in the best practicable treatment or control of the discharge necessary to assure that (a) a pollution or nuisance will not occur and (b) the highest water quality consistent with maximum benefit to the people of the State will be maintained."

- 22. Some degradation of groundwater from the discharge to the disposal ponds is consistent with Resolution 68-16, provided that the degradation:
 - a. Is confined to a reasonable area;
 - b. Is minimized by means of full implementation, regular maintenance, and optimal operation of best practicable treatment and control (BPTC) measures;
 - c. Is limited to waste constituents typically encountered in domestic wastewater; and
 - d. Does not result in the loss of any beneficial use as prescribed in the applicable basin plan, or violation of any water quality objective.

- 23. The discharge permitted to the Standby Basins is intermittent. Wastewater from the Standby Basins is to be pumped back to the headworks and treated by the POTW, and final disposal is pursuant to NPDES Order R7-2008-0020. Therefore, the amount of wastewater that percolates into the groundwater is limited. To the extent that any wastewater from the Standby Basins percolates during the maximum period allowed; there is a potential to degrade groundwater. Compliance with the terms of this Order will keep degradation confined to the groundwater in the immediate area beneath and around the basin. The Discharger provides sewerage collection and treatment services that are protective of human health and the environment and contributes to the economic development of the area. Accordingly, the permitted discharge is consistent with the anti-degradation provisions of Resolution 68-16.
- 24. Pursuant to CWC Section 13263(g), the discharge of waste is a privilege, not a right, and adoption of this Order does not create a vested right to continue the discharge.

CEQA and Public Participation

- 25. In accordance with Section 15301, Chapter 3, Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations, the issuance of these WDRs, which govern the operation of an existing facility involving negligible or no expansion of use beyond that previously existing, is exempt from the provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) (Public Resources Code, Section 21000 et seq.).
- 26. The Board has notified the Discharger and all known interested agencies and persons of its intent to draft WDRs for this discharge, and has provided them with an opportunity for a public meeting and an opportunity to submit comments.
- 27. The Board, in a public meeting, heard and considered all comments pertaining to this discharge.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, that Board Order 92-021 is rescinded upon the effective date of this Order, except for enforcement purposes, and, in order to meet the provisions contained in Division 7 of the CWC, and regulations and guidelines adopted thereunder, the Discharger shall comply with the following:

A. Discharge Prohibitions

- 1. The discharge of any wastewater from the facility to any surface waters or surface drainage courses is prohibited.
- 2. Discharge of waste classified as "hazardous", as defined in Title 23, CCR, Section 2521(a), or "designated", as defined in CWC Section 13173, is prohibited.
- 3. Emergency and/or routine maintenance discharge of untreated or partially treated wastewater other than to the standby basin for temporary storage is prohibited.
- 4. The discharge of wastes from the POTW to surface waters is prohibited except as allowed by Order R7-2008-0020, and revisions thereto, NPDES Permit CA104451.
- 5. Surfacing or overflowing of wastewater from the standby basin is prohibited.
- 6. Discharge to the standby basin other than for POTW maintenance and during

emergencies is prohibited.

- 7. The disposal of wastes in excess of the design capacities of the Standby Basins is prohibited.
- 8. The discharge of waste to land not owned or authorized for such use by the Discharger is prohibited.
- 9. Surfacing or ponding of wastewater outside of the designated disposal locations is prohibited.
- 10. Bypass or overflow of untreated or partially treated waste is prohibited.

B. Discharge Specifications

- 1. Within 48 hours of first placing a Standby Basin in service, its contents shall be pumped back into the POTW for proper treatment and disposal.
- 2. A minimum depth of two (2) feet of freeboard shall be maintained at all times in the Basin.
- 3. The treatment or disposal of wastes from the facility shall not cause pollution or nuisance as defined in Sections 13050(I) and 13050(m) of Division 7 of the CWC California Water Code.
- 4. Public contact with non-disinfected wastewater shall be precluded through such means as fences, signs, or other acceptable alternatives.
- 5. The discharge shall not cause degradation of any water supply.
- 6. All treatment, storage, and disposal areas shall be designed, constructed, operated, and maintained to prevent inundation or washout due to floods with a 100-year return frequency.
- 7. Disposal of oil and grease, biosolids, screenings, and other solids collected from liquid wastes shall be pursuant to Title 27, and the review and approval of the Regional Water Board's Executive Officer.
- 8. Objectionable odors originating at this facility shall not be perceivable beyond the limits of the Standby Basins and disposal area.
- 9. Ponds shall be managed to prevent breeding of mosquitoes. In particular:
 - a. An erosion control program should assure that small coves and irregularities are not created around the perimeter of the water surface;
 - b. Weeds shall be minimized through control of water depth, harvesting, or herbicides; and
 - c. Dead algae, vegetation, and debris shall not accumulate on the water surface.
- 10. The Basin shall have sufficient capacity to accommodate allowable wastewater flow, design seasonal precipitation, ancillary inflow, and infiltration. Design seasonal precipitation shall

be based on total annual precipitation using a return period of 100 years, distributed monthly in accordance with historical rainfall patterns.

C. Provisions

- 1. The Discharger shall comply with all of the conditions of this Board Order. Noncompliance is a violation of the Porter-Cologne Water Quality Control Act (CWC, § 13000 et seq.), and grounds for enforcement action.
- 2. The Discharger shall comply with Monitoring and Reporting Program (MRP) R7-2013-0039, and future revisions thereto, as specified by the Regional Water Board's Executive Officer.
- 3. The Discharger shall not cause degradation of any water supply in accordance with State Water Board Resolution 68-16.
- 4. Prior to implementing a modification that results in a material change in the quality or quantity of wastewater treated or discharged, or a material change in the location of discharge, the Discharger shall report all pertinent information in writing to the Regional Water Board, and obtain revised requirements.
- 5. Prior to a change in ownership or management of facility, the Discharger shall transmit a copy of this Board Order to the succeeding owner/operator, and forward a copy of the transmittal letter to the Regional Water Board.
- 6. The Discharger shall ensure that all site-operating personnel are familiar with the content of this Board Order, and shall maintain a copy of this Board Order at the site.
- 7. Adequate measures shall be taken to assure that flood or surface drainage waters do not erode or otherwise render portions of the discharge facilities inoperable.
- 8. The facility shall be supervised and operated by persons possessing certification of appropriate grade pursuant to Section 3680, Chapter 26, Division 3, Title 23 of the California Code of Regulations.
- 9. The Discharger shall at all times properly operate and maintain all systems and components of collection, treatment and control, installed or used by the Discharger to achieve compliance with this Board Order. Proper operation and maintenance includes effective performance, adequate process controls, and appropriate quality assurance procedures. This provision requires the operation of backup or auxiliary facilities/systems when necessary to achieve compliance with this Board Order. All systems in service or reserved shall be inspected and maintained on a regular basis. Records of inspections and maintenance shall be retained, and made available to the Regional Water Board's Executive Officer on request.
- 10. The Discharger shall allow the Regional Water Board, or an authorized representative, upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:
 - a. Enter the premises regulated by this Board Order, or the place where records are kept under the conditions of this Board Order;
 - b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, records kept under the conditions of this Board Order:

- c. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this Board Order; and
- d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purpose of assuring compliance with this Board Order or as otherwise authorized by the CWC, any substances or parameters at this location.
- 11. The Discharger shall provide adequate notice to the Regional Water Board's Executive Officer of the following:
 - a. The introduction of pollutants into any treatment facility described in the Findings of this Board Order from an indirect Discharger which would be subject to Section 301 or 306 of the Clean Water Act, if the pollutants were discharged directly;
 - Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants introduced into any treatment facility described in the Findings of this Board Order, by an existing or new source; and
 - c. Any planned physical alteration or addition to the facilities described in this Board Order, or change planned in the Discharger's sludge use or disposal practice, where such alterations, additions, or changes may justify the application of Board Order conditions that are different from or absent in the existing Board Order, including notification of additional disposal sites not reported during the Board Order application process, or not reported pursuant to an approved land application plan.
- 12. The Discharger shall report any noncompliance that may endanger human health or the environment. The noncompliance shall be reported immediately to the Regional Water Board's Executive Officer, and the Office of Emergency Services as soon as:
 - a. The Discharger has knowledge of the discharge;
 - b. Notification is possible; and
 - c. Notification will not substantially impede cleanup or other emergency measures.

During non-business hours, the Discharger shall leave a message on the Regional Water Board's office voice recorder at (760) 346-7491. A written report shall also be provided within five (5) business days of the time the discharger becomes aware of the incident. The written report shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause, the period of noncompliance, the anticipated time to achieve full compliance, and the steps taken or planned, to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance. The discharger shall report all intentional or unintentional spills in excess of one thousand (1,000) gallons occurring within the facility or collection system to the Regional Water Board office in accordance with the above time limits.

- 13. The Discharger shall report all instances of noncompliance. Reports of noncompliance shall be submitted with the Discharger's next scheduled SMR or earlier if requested by the Regional Water Board's Executive Officer, or if required by an applicable standard for sludge use and disposal.
- 14. By-pass (i.e., the intentional diversion of waste streams from any portion of the treatment facilities, except diversions designed to meet variable effluent limits) other than described and permitted by this Board Oder is prohibited. The Regional Water Board may take enforcement action against the Discharger for by-pass unless:
 - a. By-pass was unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury, or severe property

damage. Severe property damage means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities that causes them to be inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources reasonably expected to occur in the absence of a by-pass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production; and

There were no feasible alternatives to by-pass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities or retention of untreated waste. This condition is not satisfied if adequate back-up equipment was not installed to prevent by-pass occurring during equipment downtime, or preventive maintenance.

b. By-pass is:

- i. Required for essential maintenance to assure efficient operation; and
- ii. Neither effluent nor receiving water limitations are exceeded; and
- iii. The Discharger notifies the Regional Water Board ten (10) days in advance.
- 15. In the event of an unanticipated by-pass, the Discharger shall immediately report the incident to the Regional Water Board. During non-business hours, the Discharger shall leave a message on the Regional Water Board's office voice recorder. A written report shall be provided within five (5) business days the Discharger is aware of the incident. The written report shall include a description of the by-pass, any noncompliance, the cause, period of noncompliance, anticipated time to achieve full compliance, and steps taken or planned, to reduce, eliminate, and prevent recurrence of the noncompliance.

D. General Conditions

- 16. This Board Order does not authorize violation of any federal, state, or local laws or regulations.
- 17. This Board Order does not convey property rights of any sort, or exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize injury to private property or invasion of personal rights, or infringement of federal, state, or local laws or regulations.
- 18. This Board Order may be modified, rescinded, or reissued, for cause. The filing of a request by the Discharger for a Board Order modification, rescission or reissuance, or notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance, does not stay any Board Order condition. Causes for modification include a change in land application plans, or sludge use or disposal practices, and adoption of new regulations by the State or Regional Water Board (including revisions to the Basin Plan), or Federal government.

I, Robert Perdue, Executive Officer, do hereby certify the foregoing is a full, true	and correct copy
of an Order adopted by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Colo	orado River Basin
Region, on November 14, 2013.	

Original signed by

ROBERT PERDUE

Executive Officer

Niland Sanitary District	
Emergency Standby Basins	s

Board Order R7-2013-0039 Waste Discharge Requirements

Date

CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD COLORADO RIVER BASIN REGION

MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM R7-2013-0039
FOR
NILAND SANITARY DISTRICT, OWNER/OPERATOR
EMERGENCY STANDBY BASINS
Niland – Imperial County

Location of Wastewater Treatment Facilities and Discharges: NW 1/4, SW 1/4 of Section 9, T11S, R14E, SBB&M

A. Monitoring

- This Monitoring and Reporting Program (MRP) describes requirements for monitoring a Standby Basin. This MRP is issued pursuant to California Water Code (Water Code) Section 13267. The Discharger shall not implement any changes to this MRP unless and until a revised MRP is issued by the Executive Officer.
- 2. Water Code section 13267 states, in part:

"In conducting an investigation specified in subdivision (a), the regional board may require that any person who has discharged, discharges, or is suspected of having discharged or discharging, or who proposes to discharge waste within its region, or any citizen or domiciliary, or political agency or entity of this state who has discharged, discharges, or is suspected of having discharged or discharging, or who proposes to discharge, waste outside of its region that could affect the quality of waters within its region shall furnish, under penalty of perjury, technical or monitoring program reports which the regional board requires. The burden, including costs, of these reports shall bear a reasonable relationship to the need for the report and the benefits to be obtained from the reports. In requiring those reports, the regional board shall provide the person with a written explanation with regard to the need for the reports, and shall identify the evidence that supports requiring that person to provide the reports."

- 3. Water Code section 13268 states, in part:
 - "(a) (1) Any person failing or refusing to furnish technical or monitoring program reports as required by subdivision (b) of § 13267, or failing or refusing to furnish a statement of compliance as required by subdivision (b) of Section 13399.2, or falsifying any information provided therein, is guilty of a misdemeanor, and may be liable civilly in accordance with subdivision (b). (b) (1) Civil liability may be administratively imposed by a regional board in accordance with Article 2.5 (commencing with § 13323) of Chapter 5 for a violation of subdivision (a) in an amount which shall not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) for each day in which the violation occurs."
- 4. The Discharger owns and operates the Standby Basins that are subject to Board Order R7-2013-0039. The reports are necessary to ensure that the Discharger complies with the Order. Pursuant to Water Code section 13267, the Discharger shall implement the MRP and shall submit the monitoring reports described herein.

5. The Discharger shall retain records of all monitoring information, including all calibration and maintenance records, copies of all reports required by this Board Order, and records of all data used to complete the application for this Board Order, for a period of at least five (5) years from the date of the sample, measurement, report or application. Records of monitoring information shall include the date, exact place, and time of measurement(s) and the individual(s) who performed the measurement(s).

B. Reporting

- The Discharger shall inspect the general condition of the standby basin (e.g., structural integrity, whether weeds are growing in it and along its banks, signs of erosion, etc.) weekly and maintain a log at the POTW regarding the condition and use of the Basin. The log shall be available for inspection by the Regional Water Board and its representatives upon request.
- 2. For an planned discharge to the standby basin (e.g., scheduled unit maintenance), the Discharger shall, prior to discharge to the basin, submit to the Regional Water Board a report a minimum of two (2) working days prior to the proposed discharge taking place. The report shall:
 - a. Describe the structural integrity of the basin;
 - b. Describe the reasons for the proposed discharge to the basin and the anticipated volume of wastewater that is to be discharged to the basin; and
 - c. Note whether there is any wastewater in the basin and record the available freeboard if there is wastewater in it.
- 3. For an emergency discharge to the standby basin, the Discharger shall notify the Regional Water Board via telephone (760 346-7491) within 24-hours from the time the discharge took place. The notification shall include when and why the discharge took place.
- 4. The Discharger shall submit monthly monitoring reports to the Regional Water Board containing the following information:
 - a. If discharge to Standby Basins did not take place during the reporting month, the Report shall certify that no discharge took place.
 - b. If discharge to Standby Basins took place during the reporting month, the following information shall be included in the report:
 - i. Identify which Standby Basins were used (Basin 1A and/or Basin 1B, or Basin 2, as defined in Attachment B);
 - ii. Estimate the volume of wastewater discharged (gallons);
 - iii. Describe the quality of discharge (e.g., raw sewage, primary effluent, etc.);
 - iv. Describe the cause for the emergency discharge;
 - v. Include the dates and times when the discharge began and ended; and
 - vi. If raw sewage or primary effluent was discharged into the standby basin, the dates and times when the pumping of the wastewater from the basin back into the POTW began and ended.
- 5. Monthly monitoring reports shall be submitted to the Regional Water Board by the 15th day

of the following month.

- 6. Monitoring reports shall be certified under penalty of perjury to be true and correct, and shall contain the required information at the frequency designated in this monitoring and reporting program (MRP).
- 7. Each report required herein shall contain the following statement:
 - "I declare under the penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document, and that based on my inquiry of those individuals responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of a fine and imprisonment for knowing violations."
- 8. The MRP, and other information requested by the Regional Water Board, shall be signed by the District Manager or Chief Plant Operator.
- 9. Other duly authorized representative of the Discharger may sign the documents if:
 - a. Authorization is made in writing by the either one of the person described above;
 - b. Authorization specifies an individual or person having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated disposal system; and
 - c. Written authorization is submitted to the Regional Water Board Executive Officer.
- The Discharger shall submit monitoring reports to: California Regional Water Quality Control Board Colorado River Basin Region 73-720 Fred Waring, Suite 100 Palm Desert, CA 92260

Ordered By:	Original signed by
, <u> </u>	ROBERT PERDUE
	Executive Officer
	Date

CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD COLORADO RIVER BASIN REGION



LOCATION AND VICINITY MAP

NILAND SANITARY DISTRICT OWNER/OPERATOR
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY STANDBY BASINS
Niland – Imperial County

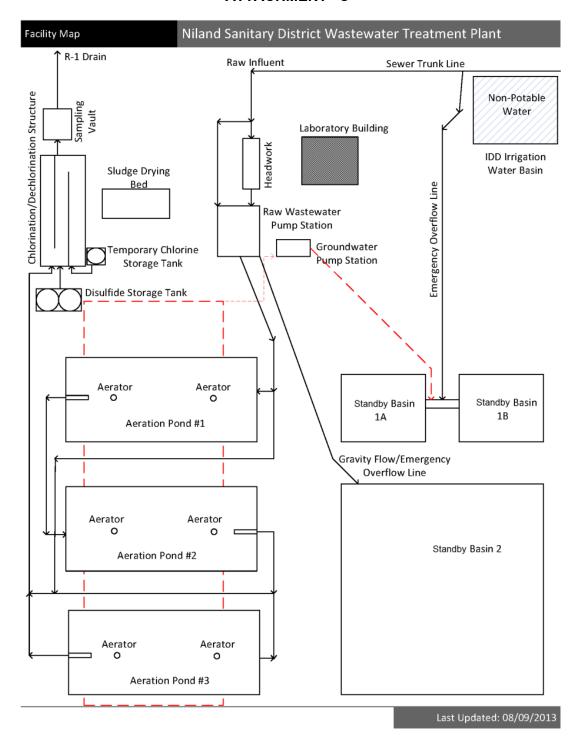
ATTACHMENT "B"



FACILITY LAYOUT DIAGRAM

NILAND SANITARY DISTRICT OWNER/OPERATOR
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY STANDBY BASINS
Niland – Imperial County

ATTACHMENT "C"



PROCESS FLOW SCHEMATIC

NILAND SANITARY DISTRICT OWNER/OPERATOR
WASTEWATER TREATMENT FACILITY STANDBY BASINS
Niland – Imperial County