





LEGEND:

- Monitoring Well
- ⊕ Domestic Supply Well (active and inactive)
- Other Supply Well
- Groundwater Extraction Well
- ⊕ Multi-use Test Well, or Inactive Extraction/Injection Well
- ▲ #Z, #J Freshwater Injection Well
- PG&E-Owned Property
- PG&E Compressor Station
- County Parcel
- - - Approximate Limit of Saturated Alluvium Upper Aquifer
- - - Approximate Location of Lockhart Fault
- ⋯ Fault Trace is Inferred, and There is No Surface Expression (Stamnis et al. 2011)
- ⊕ Bedrock Exposed at Ground Surface

MW-177D Well ID
1.5/1.7
(110/110)

Cr(VI)/Cr(T) concentrations in µg/L, maximum of primary and duplicate samples during Third Quarter 2017 sampling. Data in parentheses are from previous reporting period. See Table E-1 for sample dates.

Groundwater Cr(VI) Concentrations in Monitoring Wells:

- More than 1,000 µg/L
- 10 to 50 µg/L
- 100 to 1,000 µg/L
- 3.1 to 10 µg/L
- 50 to 100 µg/L
- Less than 3.1 µg/L or ND

ABBREVIATIONS:

- µg/L Micrograms per Liter
- Cr(VI) Hexavalent Chromium
- Cr(T) Total Dissolved Chromium
- J Estimated Result
- ND Not Detected
- NS Not Sampled

NOTES:

- Chromium results are shown for Site-wide Groundwater Monitoring Program and domestic wells sampled in the Third Quarter (July through September) 2017 monitoring period. For wells sampled multiple times during the reporting period, the most recent results are shown.
- The concentration contours are based on Third Quarter 2017 chromium results for the groundwater monitoring and extraction wells that are completed in the shallow zone and deep zone of the Upper Aquifer as noted on Figures 5-1 and 5-2. Results for domestic wells (brown colored) were not used for chromium plume contouring, except for those in the northern disputed plume areas, pursuant to the Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board's Cleanup and Abatement Order dated November 4, 2015 (Water Board 2015).
- Pursuant to the Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board's Cleanup and Abatement Order dated November 4, 2015 (Water Board 2015), groundwater monitoring wells are not used for chromium contouring if they are located in the areas southwest of the Lockhart Fault and on or east of Dixie Road. Monitoring wells sampled southwest of Lockhart Fault and east of Dixie Road were sampled in support of United States Geological Survey background chromium investigations.
- Chromium plume contours in the general area south of Highway 58, were developed using a larger set of monitoring data which is presented in the October 30, 2017 Third Quarter 2017 Monitoring Report for the In Situ Reactive Zone and Northwest Freshwater Injection Projects (Arcadis 2017). Selected wells from that program are shown here for reference.

WORK CITED:

Arcadis. 2017. Third Quarter 2017 Monitoring Report for the In Situ Reactive Zone and Northwest Freshwater Injection Projects, Pacific Gas and Electric Company, Hinkley Compressor Station, Hinkley, California. California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Lahontan Region Order No. RW-2008-0914 (Waste Discharge Requirements Identification No. 68369107001), October 30.

Stamnis, C.L., Martin, T., Nishikawa, and B.F. Cox. 2001. Simulation of Ground Water Flow in the Mojave River Basin, California. U.S. Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigations Report 01-4002, Version 3. Prepared in cooperation with the Mojave Water Agency.

Water Board. 2015. Cleanup and Abatement Order No. RW-2015-0068 Requiring Pacific Gas and Electric Company to Cleanup and Abate Waste Discharges of Total and Hexavalent Chromium to the Groundwaters of the Mojave Hydrologic Unit. November 4.

FIGURE 5-5
CHROMIUM RESULTS FOR THIRD QUARTER 2017
GROUNDWATER MONITORING AND DOMESTIC WELL
SAMPLING AND MAXIMUM COMPOSITE PLUME
OUTLINE IN UPPER AQUIFER

THIRD QUARTER 2017 GROUNDWATER MONITORING REPORT AND DOMESTIC WELL RESULTS
SITE-WIDE GROUNDWATER MONITORING PROGRAM
PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
HINKLEY COMPRESSOR STATION
HINKLEY, CALIFORNIA