Public Workshop

2012 Integrated Report for the 305(b) Surface Water Assessment & 303(d) List of Impaired Waters

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Redding

Presentation Outline

- 1. Overview of the 2012 Integrated Report
- 2. 305(b) & 303(d) Updates Timeline
- 3. 2012 Assessment Process
- 4. Staff Recommendations
- 5. Water Body-Specific Recommendations
- 6. Questions & Comments

Requirements of the federal Clean Water Act (CWA)

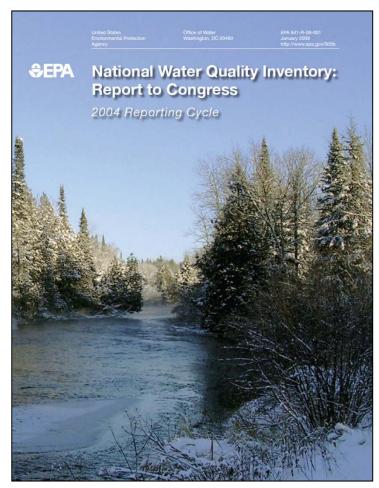
Combination of the:

- CWA Section 305(b)
 Surface Water Quality Assessment Report (includes impaired & non-impaired waters)
- CWA Section 303(d)
 List of Impaired Waters



305(b) Report:

- Biennial assessment of surface waters
- Compiled by US EPA into the "National Water Quality Inventory Report to Congress" and the "ATTAINS" database.



303(d) List:

- Identifies waters not meeting water quality standards
 - Objectives
 - Beneficial Uses (for example: Agricultural Supply, Cold Freshwater Habitat, Municipal & Domestic Supply)
- Identifies pollutant(s) but does not identify sources
- Includes a priority ranking
- A total maximum daily load (TMDL) is generally developed for waters on the 303(d) List

Staff Report available at:

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/ northcoast/water issues/programs /tmdls/303d/140313/FINAL2012IR PublicReviewDraft_StaffReport_ March10_2014.pdf

State of California Regional Water Quality Control Board North Coast Region

Public Review Draft

Staff Report

for the

2012 Integrated Report

for the Clean Water Act Section 305(b) Surface Water Quality Assessment and the 303(d) List of Impaired Waters

March 14, 2014



California Regional Water Quality Control Board North Coast Region 5550 Skylane Boulevard, Suite A Santa Rosa, California 95403 707-576-2220 www.waterboards.ca.gov/northcoast

305(b) & 303(d) Updates Timeline

1976 to 2002: 303(d) List updates developed by

Regional Water Board

2004: No 303(d) List Update

2006: 303(d) & 305(b) developed by

State Water Board

2010 & 2012: 303(d) & 305(b) developed by

Regional Water Board

Likely 2018: Next Integrated Report Cycle for

the North Coast Region



Definitions

Listing Policy:

 The "Water Quality Control Policy for Developing California's Clean Water Act Section 303(d) List"

Water body-Pollutant Pair:

 A reach of a water body plus the pollutant (e.g., Klamath River for sediment, or Eel River for temperature)

Fact Sheet:

- Includes a "Decision" and all supporting "Lines
 Of Evidence"
- Developed for each water body-pollutant pair

Step 1: Obtain data

Step 2: Analyze data according to rules of the Listing Policy

Step 3: Develop Line(s) of Evidence (LOEs)

Step 4: Make Decision (aka: staff recommendations)

2012 Assessment Process Step 1: Obtain Data

Data Sources:

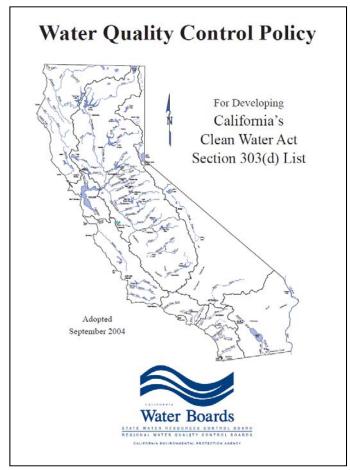
- Data submitted by the public during solicitation period (1/14/10 to 8/30/10)
- Data from the 2010 List
- Data from SWAMP (the Surface Water Ambient Monitoring Program)
- Counties' ocean beach monitoring data under AB411
- Data collected by Regional Water Board staff, state and federal agencies, counties, tribes, citizen monitoring groups, and academic institutions

2012 Assessment Process Step 2: Analyze Data

Data were analyzed according to the rules of the Listing Policy

- Includes a data quality and quantity assessment process
- Data compared to Basin Plan objectives, USEPA criteria, or numeric evaluation guidelines

Listing Policy available at: http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/tmdl/docs/ffed_303d_listingpolicy093004.pdf



Fact Sheets available at:

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/northcoast/water_issues/programs/tmdls/303d/140313/FactSheets/table_of_contents.shtml

Step 3: Develop Line(s) of Evidence

- LOEs summarize: who, what, where, when, and how
- LOEs highlight the number of samples & number of exceedances
- LOEs were input into the California Water Quality Assessment Database (CalWQA)
- Over 4,700 LOEs were developed

Step 3: Develop Lines of Evidence

Example
Lower Eel River

LOE ID: 25541

Pollutant: Sulfates
LOE Subgroup: Pollutant-Water
Matrix: Water

Fraction: Water Not Recorded

Beneficial Use: Municipal & Domestic Supply

Number of Samples: 15 Number of Exceedances: 0

Data and Information Type: PHYSICAL/CHEMICAL MONITORING

Data Used to Assess Water

Quality:

None of the 15 sulfate samples collected in the Lower Mainstem Eel River watershed exceed the evaluation guideline. The samples were collected as part of the Surface Water Ambient Water Monitoring Program (SWAMP). The data are found in the 5-

Year Monitoring Report (NCRWQCB 2008).

Data Reference: Surface Water Ambient Monitoring Program (SWAMP). Summary

Report for the North Coast Region (RWQCB-1) for years 2000-2006. North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board. March

2008

SWAMP Data: SWAMP

Water Quality Per the Basin Plan (NCRWQCB 2007, p. 3-3.00): Waters shall not Objective/Criterion: contain taste- or odor-producing substances in concentrations that

contain taste- or odor-producing substances in concentrations that impart undesirable tastes or odors to fish flesh or other edible products of aquatic origin, or that cause nuisance or adversely

affect beneficial uses.

Objective/Criterion Reference: Water Quality Control Plan (Basin Plan) - North Coast Region

(Region 1)

Evaluation Guideline: Per 22 CCR 64449 (Table 64449-B): The recommended

secondary maximum contaminant level for sulfate is 250 mg/L.

Guideline Reference: Title 22. Division 4. Chapter 15. Sections 64400 et seg. California

Code of Regulations

Spatial Representation: Samples were collected from the Lower Mainstem Eel River at

Holmes (SWAMP Station ID 111EELHOL). Samples were

collected from well-mixed flows in glides or riffles.

Temporal Representation: Samples were collected from 15 site visits from February 2002 to

June 2005. Most of the site visits corresponded to fall, winter,

spring and early summer seasonal conditions.

Environmental Conditions: There are no known environmental conditions (e.g., seasonality,

land use practices, fire events, storms, etc.) that are related to

these data.

QAPP Information: Quality control was conducted in accordance with the SWAMP

Quality Assurance Management Plan (SWAMP 2002).

QAPP Information Reference(s): Quality Assurance Management Plan for the State of California's

Surface Water Ambient Monitoring Program. Sacramento, CA. State Water Resources Control Board. SWAMP. December 2002

Step 4: Make Decision

Example
Lower Eel River

DECISION ID 26844 Region 1
Eel River HU, Lower Eel River HA (includes the Eel River Delta)

Pollutant: Sulfates

Final Listing Decision: Do Not List on 303(d) list (TMDL required list)

Last Listing Cycle's Do Not List on 303(d) list (TMDL required list)(2010)

Final Listing Decision:

Revision Status Revised Impairment from Pollutant

Pollutant or Pollution:

Regional Board Staff Conclusion:

This pollutant is being considered for placement on the Section 303(d) List under Section 3.2 of the Listing Policy. Under Section 3.2, a single line of evidence is necessary to assess listing status. One line of evidence is available to assess protection of the municipal and domestic supply (MUN) beneficial use in the lower mainstem Eel River (LOE 25541), and one line of evidence is available to assess protection of the MUN beneficial use in Larabee Creek (LOE 44052).

Based on the readily available data and information, the weight of evidence indicates that there is sufficient justification against placing this water segment-pollutant combination on the section 303(d) list in the Water Quality Limited Segments category (i.e., sufficient justification to not list). This conclusion is based on the staff findings that: (1) The data used satisfies the data quality requirements of section 6.1.4 of the Policy. (2) The data used satisfies the data quantity requirements of section 6.1.5 of the Policy. (3) Zero of 15 samples from the lower mainstem Eel River and zero of one sample from Larabee Creek exceed the objective, however these sample sizes are insufficient to determine with the power and confidence of the Listing Policy if standards are not met, as a minimum of either (1) 26 samples, or (2) greater than or equal to 5 exceedances of the objective with less than 26 samples is needed for application of Table 3.2. (4) Pursuant to Section 3.11 of the Listing Policy, no additional data and information are available indicating that standards are not met.

Regional Board Staff Decision

Recommendation:

After review of the available data and information, RWQCB staff concludes that the water body-pollutant combination should not be placed on the section 303(d) list because it cannot be determined if applicable water quality standards are not being exceeded.

Step 4: Make Decision

How did staff determine impairment?

Staff applied the rules of the Listing Policy:

- Exceedance Frequency
 For example: ≥ 2 exceedances out of 20 samples = List
- Weight of Evidence

Step 4: Make Decision

What decisions did staff make?

Water Body-Pollutant IS NOT on the 2010 303(d) List:

List

(impaired)

or

Do Not List

(not impaired or not enough data)

Water Body-Pollutant <u>IS</u> on the 2010 303(d) List:

Do Not Delist

(impaired)

or

Delist

(not impaired)

2012 Assessment Process Step 4: Make Decision

Staff determined the beneficial use support category for each water body

Integrated Report Categories		
Category	Description	
1	Evidence shows all core uses are supported.	
2	Evidence shows some core uses are supported (at least one use is supported).	
3	Evidence is insufficient to make use support determinations.	
4a	Evidence shows at least one use is not supported, a TMDL has been developed and is reasonably expected to result in the attainment of the water quality standard within a reasonable, specified time frame, and the TMDL has been approved by the USEPA.	
4b	Evidence shows at least one use is not supported, but a TMDL is not needed as an existing regulatory program is reasonably expected to result in the attainment of the water quality standard within a reasonable, specified time frame.	
4c	Evidence shows at least one use is not supported, but a TMDL is not needed as the impairment is caused by non-pollutant sources.	
5	Evidence shows at least one use is not supported and a TMDL is needed.	

Staff Recommendations

2012 Proposed Listing & Delisting Summary

 991 water body – pollutant pair recommendations (Decisions)

Listings (# water body – pollutant pairs)

- New Listings: 29
- Increase in geographic extent of listing: 1
- Recommendation for USEPA to list: 2 (Native American Reservation)

Delistings (# water body – pollutant pairs)

- New delistings: 14
- Reductions in geographic extent of listing: 20

Specific Recommendations

- Ocean Beaches & Freshwater Indicator Bacteria
 - -listings & delistings
- Scott River Biostimulatory Conditions,
 Dissolved Oxygen, and pH
 -listings
- Copco 1 & Iron Gate Reservoirs Mercury -listings
- Requests to List for Flow
- Klamath Basin Temperature & Sediment Reference Streams
 - -delistings

Specific Recommendations

Indicator Bacteria Overview

Use of Indicator Bacteria in 2012 Integrated Report Assessment

Saltwater:

- Enterococcus
- Fecal Coliform*

Freshwater:

- Escherichia coli (E. coli)
- Fecal Coliform*

*Basin Plan bacteria objective currently under revision.

Fecal coliform numeric objective utilized until objective is revised.

Specific Recommendations Saltwater Indicator Bacteria Delistings

Hydrologic Unit	Water Body		
Delist (New delisting in 2012)			
Mendocino Coast HU	Hare Creek Beach		
Mendodino Coast no	Pudding Creek Beach		
	Luffenholtz Beach		
Trinidad HU	Moonstone County Park		
	Trinidad State Beach		
Do Not Delist (keep listed as impaired)			
Bodega HU	Campbell Cove		
Trinidad HU	Clam Beach		

Specific Recommendations Freshwater Indicator Bacteria Listings & Delistings

Hydrologic Unit	Water Body		
List as Impaired (New listing in 2012)			
	Lower Mainstem Elk River and Martin Slough*		
Eureka Plain HU	Campbell Creek*		
	Jolly Giant Creek*		
Mad River HU	Widow White Creek*		
Mendocino Coast HU	Noyo River HA, Pudding Creek Lagoon*		
Trinidad HU	Mainstem Little River and Bullwinkle Creek*		
Russian River HU	Mainstem Dutch Bill Creek		
Do Not Delist (keep listed as impaired)			
	Mainstem Russian River at Healdsburg Memorial Beach*		
	Mainstem Russian River from Fife Creek to Dutch Bill Creek*		
Russian River HU	Mainstem Atascadero Creek		
	"Stream 1" on Fitch Mountain*		
	Mainstem Santa Rosa Creek		
Delist (New delisting in 2012)			
Russian River HU	Mainstem Laguna de Santa Rosa & Tributaries to the Laguna de Santa Rosa**		
	Tributaries to Santa Rosa Creek**		

* = Listing based solely upon fecal coliform data.

** = Delisting due to insufficient number of samples

Specific Recommendations

Freshwater Indicator Bacteria Listings & Delistings

Staff recommend USEPA List the portion of the following water bodies that lie within the Quartz Valley Indian Reservation*

Scott River HA:

- Shackleford Creek
- Sniktaw Creek

*Regional and State Water Boards do not have the authority to list or delist water bodies within the boundaries of Native American Reservations.

- Biostumulatory Conditions: stream conditions that promote aquatic growth causing nuisance and/or adversely affecting beneficial uses
- Generally, nutrients alone do not cause impairment
- Biostimulatory Conditions assessment
 - Primary Indicators: dissolved oxygen, pH, chlorophyll-a
 - Secondary Indicators: Total Nitrogen & Phosphorus

- Data from the Scott River at the USGS Gauge
- Collected by the Tribal Environmental Department of the Quartz Valley Indian Reservation
- Dissolved Oxygen & pH data (primary indicators)
 - Continuous data: 2007-2009
 - Total Nitrogen and Total Phosphorus data (secondary indicators)
 - Grab samples: 2008-2009
 - Grab Sample Chlorophyll-a (ug/L)
 - Not used in assessment as benthic algal biomass needed (mg chl-a/m²)

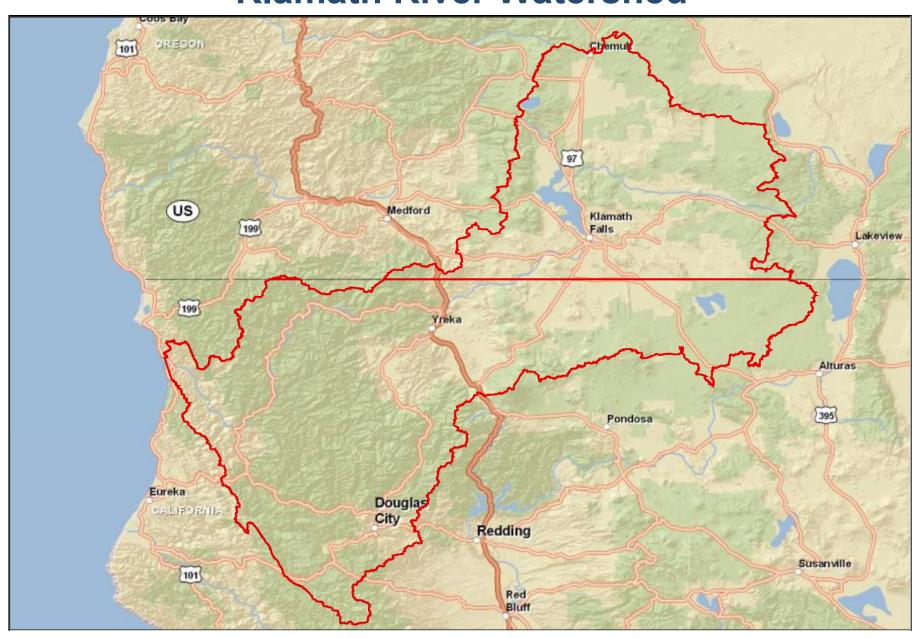
Basin Plan objectives & Klamath TMDL Targets used for assessment

	Dissolved Oxygen (mg/L)	рН	Monthly Mean Total Nitrogen (mg/L)	Monthly Mean Total Phosphorus (mg/L)
Basin Plan Objective	Min = 7.0	Min = 7.0 Max = 8.5		
Klamath TMDL Target			May-Oct = 0.310 Nov-April = 0.325	May-Oct = 0.028 Nov-April = 0.019

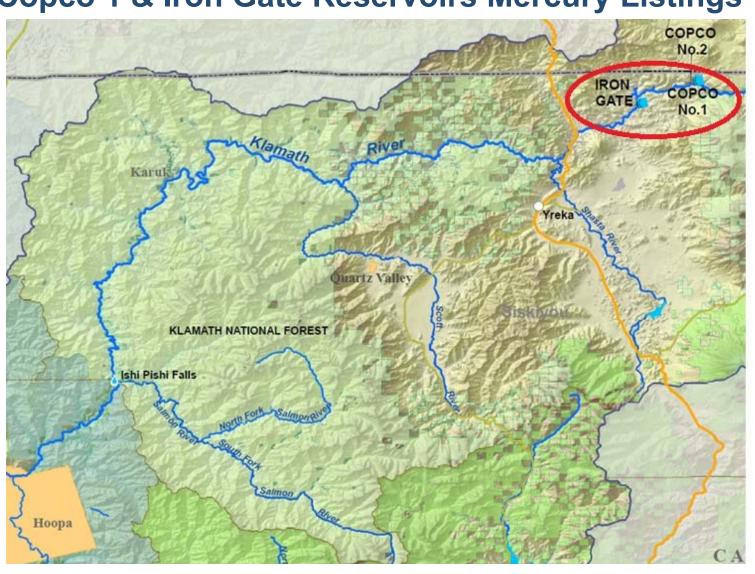
Diel pattern of the Dissolved Oxygen & pH

- Situation-specific weight of evidence (Listing Policy Section 3.11)
- Lines of evidence supporting listing
 - 170 of 726 Dissolved Oxygen (DO) subseedances
 - 224 of 781 pH exceedances
 - Extremely high DO values
 - Large diel swing in the continuous DO & pH data
 - 9 of 24 Total Nitrogen violations
- Staff Recommendation → LIST
- Staff also recommending listing for DO and pH (Listing Policy Section 3.2)

Specific Recommendations Klamath River Watershed



Specific Recommendations Copco 1 & Iron Gate Reservoirs Mercury Listings



Specific Recommendations Copco 1 & Iron Gate Reservoirs Mercury Listings

- Fish tissue data
 - Copco 1: CA Department of Water Resources, PacifiCorp, & SWAMP
 - Iron Gate: PacifiCorp & SWAMP
- Data compared to the USEPA criteria: 0.20 mg/kg
- Per Listing Policy Table 3.1
 - ≥ 2 exceedances of criteria out of 2-24 samples = List
- Actual Exceedances of Criteria
 - Copco: 2 out of 3 samples exceed criteria
 - Iron Gate: 2 out of 2 samples exceed criteria
- Per Listing Policy → LIST

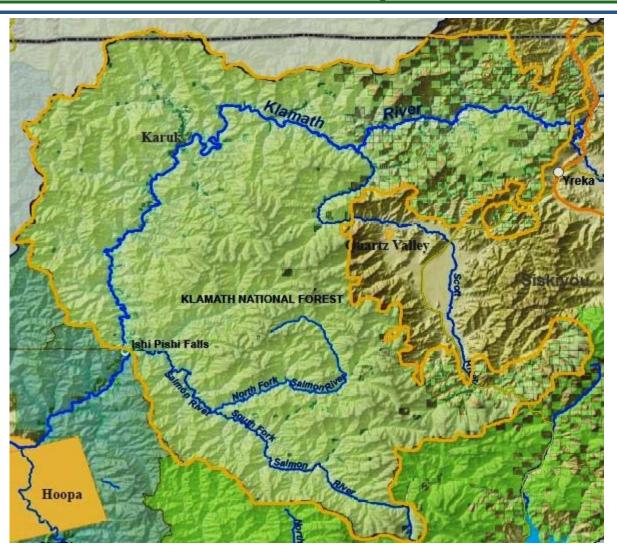
Requests to List for Flow

Data submitted for the following waterbodies:

- Eel River
- Gualala River
- Mattole River
- Navarro River
- Russian River Tributaries:
 - Maacama Creek
 - Mark West Creek
 - Redwood Creek
- Scott River
- Shasta River

Requests to List for Flow

Integrated Report Categories		
Category	Description	
1	Evidence shows all core uses are supported.	
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3	Evidence is insufficient to make use support determinations.	
4a	Evidence shows at least one use is not supported, a TMDL has been developed and is reasonably expected to result in the attainment of the water quality standard within a reasonable, specified time frame, and the TMDL has been approved by the USEPA.	
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5	Evidence shows at least one use is not supported and a TMDL is needed.	



- All streams within the Klamath National Forest are listed as temperature impaired
- The following streams within the Klamath National Forest listed as sediment impaired
 - Iron Gate Dam to Scott River Reach of Klamath HU:
 - Beaver Creek
- Hungry Creek

- Cow Creek

- West Fork Beaver Creek

- Deer Creek
- Scott River to Trinity River Reach of Klamath HU:
 - China Creek

- Portuguese Creek
- Fort Goff Creek
- Thompson Creek

- Grider Creek

How can a stream be delisted?

Must meet one of these requirements:

- Temperature delisting
 - No anthropogenic effects / meet natural background
 - USEPA Criteria for Salmonids (MWMTs)
 - Site-specific potential effective shade
- Sediment delisting
 - Meet sediment TMDL targets
 - Document no anthropogenic effects

- Klamath National Forest staff developed approach for identifying reference streams
 - Followed SWAMP guidance
 - Regional Water Board staff reviewed and approved approach and criteria for reference streams

Reference Watershed Criteria

	Disturbance Type	Criteria	
+	Road Density	Less than 0.19 km/km ² with no significant road failures	(1)
len		Less than 10% of the drainage area grazed and there	ature
		are no BMP violations (most have no grazing)	at
din	Mining	No significant sediment inputs	e l
Se	Natural	Included in the reference pool as a component of	d d
U	Disturbance	natural variability in conditions	em
	Stream Shade	No human-caused reduction in stream shade	H

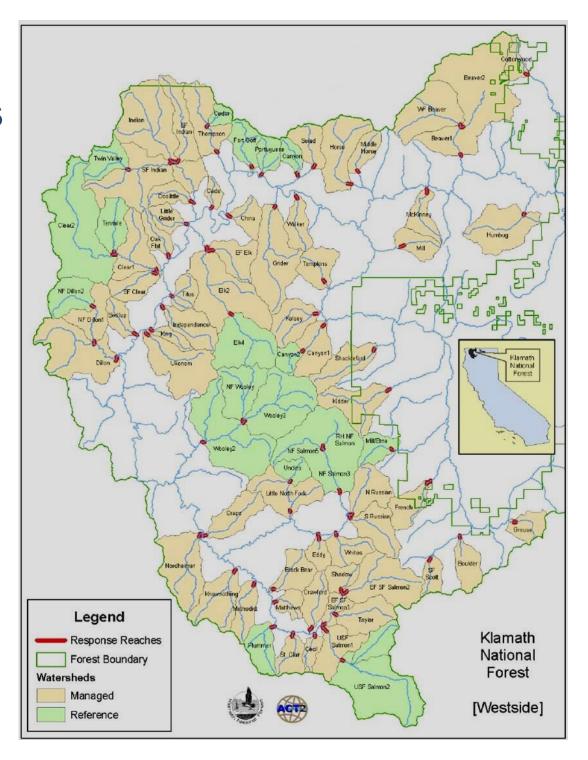
Specific Recommendations

Klamath Sediment & Temperature Delistings

Green = reference Tan = managed

Staff Propose:

- 2 sediment delistings
- 21 temperature delistings



Timeline

Public Review Draft available	March 14, 2014
Public Workshops:	
Santa Rosa	
Redding	April 9, 2014
Close Public Comment Period	
Regional Board Workshop (Fortuna)	May 8, 2014
Regional Board Hearing (Santa Rosa)	June 19, 2014
State Board	Late 2014
USEPA	Late 2014 / Early 2015

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Integrated Report Website:

http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/northcoast/water_issues/programs/tmdls/303d/

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