

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD
LOS ANGELES REGION
320 West 4th Street, Suite 200, Los Angeles, California 90013

**FACT SHEET
WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS
FOR
960 N. DOHENY HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION**

**NPDES NO. CAG994004
CI-6976**

FACILITY ADDRESS

960 N. Doheny Drive
West Hollywood, California

FACILITY MAILING ADDRESS

960 N. Doheny Drive, # 302
West Hollywood, CA 90069

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

960 N. Doheny Homeowners Association (Discharger) operates the subject condo building located at 960 N. Doheny Drive in the City of West Hollywood (See Figure 1 for site location). The Discharger discharges groundwater seepage from the building's footing drainage under general NPDES permit No. CAG994002. The dewatering is necessary to protect the integrity of the building structure from rising groundwater. Since August 7, 2003 when Regional Board issued Board Order No. R4-2003-0111 and adopted the General NPDES Permit CAG004004 to replace CAG994001, the Discharger has not submitted required water quality analysis results to this office as required. The discharge limitations in this coverage are based on the data available from the case files in the Regional Board.

VOLUME AND DESCRIPTION OF DISCHARGE:

Up to 10,000 gallons per day of groundwater will be discharged from the project site. The groundwater shall be treated and then discharged to Outfall No. 001 (Latitude: 34° 05' 15", Longitude: 118° 23' 22"). The discharge flows into Ballona Creek, a water of the United States.

APPLICABLE EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS

Based on the information available to the Regional Board, the following constituents listed in the Table below have been determined to show reasonable potential to exist in the discharge. The groundwater discharge flows into Ballona Creek which is designated as MUN (Potential) beneficial use. Therefore, the discharge limitations under "Other Waters" column apply to the discharge. The discharge limitations for hardness dependent metal are selected according to Section E.1.b. of the Order.

This Table lists the specific constituents and effluent limitations applicable to your discharge.

Constituents	Units	Discharge Limitations*	
		Daily Maximum	Monthly Average
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	150	50
Turbidity	NTU	150	50
BOD ₅ 20°C	mg/L	30	20
Oil and Grease	mg/L	15	10
Settleable Solids	ml/L	0.3	0.1
Sulfides	mg/L	1.0	N/A
Phenols	mg/L	1.0	N/A
Residual Chlorine	mg/L	0.1	N/A
Methylene Blue Active Substances (MBAS)	mg/L	0.5	N/A
1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane	µg/L	1	
1,1,2-trichloroethane	µg/L	5	
1,1,1-trichloroethane	µg/L	200	
1,1-dichloroethane	µg/L	5	
1,1-dichloroethylene	µg/L	6	3.2
1,2-dichloroethane	µg/L	0.50	
1,2-dichloropropane	µg/L	5	
1,2-trans-dichloroethylene	µg/L	10	
1,3-dichloropropylene	µg/L	0.5	
Acrolein	µg/L	100	
Acrylonitrile	µg/L	1.7	0.66
Acetone	µg/L	700	
Benzene	µg/L	1.0	
Bromoform	µg/L	720	360
Carbon tetrachloride	µg/L	0.5	
Chlorobenzene	µg/L	30	
Chlorodibromomethane	µg/L	68	34
Dichlorobromomethane	µg/L	92	46
Chloroethane	µg/L	100	
Chloroform	µg/L	100	
Methyl ethyl ketone	µg/L	700	
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	700	

Ethylene dibromide	µg/L	0.05	
Methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE)	µg/L	5	
Methylbromide	µg/L	10	
Methylchloride	µg/L	3	
Methylene chloride	µg/L	3,200	1,600
Tetrachloroethylene	µg/L	5.0	
Toluene	µg/L	150	
Trichloroethylene	µg/L	5.0	
Vinyl chloride	µg/L	0.5	
Xylenes	µg/L	1750	
4,4' -DDD	µg/L	0.0017	0.00084
4,4' -DDE	µg/L	0.0012	0.00059
Aldrin	µg/L	0.00028	0.00014
alpha-BHC	µg/L	0.026	0.013
beta-BHC	µg/L	0.092	0.046
Endosulfan Sulfate	µg/L	480	240
Endrin Aldehyde	µg/L	1.6	0.81
Gamma-BHC	µg/L	0.12	0.063
PCBs	µg/L	0.00034	0.00017
1,2 Dichlorobenzene	µg/L	600	
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	µg/L	1.1	0.54
1,3 Dichlorobenzene	µg/L	5,200	2,600
1,4 Dichlorobenzene	µg/L	5	
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	µg/L	13	6.5
2,4-Dichlorophenol	µg/L	1600	790
2,4-Dimethylphenol	µg/L	4,600	2,300
2,4-Dinitrophenol	µg/L	28,000	14,000
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	µg/L	18	9.1
2-Chloronaphthalene	µg/L	8,600	4,300
2-Chlorophenol	µg/L	800	400
2-Methyl-4,6-Dinitrophenol	µg/L	1540	765
3,3-Dichlorobenzidine	µg/L	0.16	0.077
Acenaphthene	µg/L	5,400	2,700
Anthracene	µg/L	220,000	110,000
Benzidine	µg/L	0.0011	0.00054

Benzo(a)Anthracene	µg/L	0.098	0.049
Benzo(a)Pyrene	µg/L	0.098	0.049
Benzo(b)Fluoranthene	µg/L	0.098	0.049
Benzo(k)Fluoranthene	µg/L	0.098	0.049
Bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether	µg/L	2.8	1.4
Bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)Ether	µg/L	340,000	170,000
Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)Phthalate	µg/L	11	5.9
Butylbenzyl Phthalate	µg/L	10,000	5,200
Chrysene	µg/L	0.098	0.049
Dibenzo(a,h)Anthracene	µg/L	0.098	0.049
Diethyl Phthalate	µg/L	240,000	120,000
Dimethyl Phthalate	µg/L	5,800,000	2,900,000
Di-n-Butyl Phthalate	µg/L	24,000	12,000
Fluoranthene	µg/L	740	370
Fluorene	µg/L	28,000	14,000
Hexachlorobenzene	µg/L	0.0016	0.00077
Hexachlorobutadiene	µg/L	100	50
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	µg/L	34,000	17,000
Hexachloroethane	µg/L	18	8.9
Indeno(1,2,3-cd) Pyrene	µg/L	0.098	0.049
Isophorone	µg/L	1200	600
Naphthalene	µg/L	21	
Nitrobenzene	µg/L	3,800	1,900
N-Nitrosodimethyl amine (NDMA)	µg/L	16	8.1
N-Nitrosodi-n-Propylamine	µg/L	2.8	1.4
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	µg/L	32	16
Phenol	µg/L	1,000	no limit
Pyrene	µg/L	22,000	11,000
Di-isopropyl ether (DIPE)	µg/L	0.8	0
1,4-Dioxane	µg/L	3	
Perchlorate	µg/L	4	
Tertiary butyl alcohol (TBA)	µg/L	12	
Total petroleum hydrocarbons	µg/L	100	

Cadmium	µg/L	5	2.8
Copper	µg/L	20.8	10.4
Lead	µg/L	8.7	4.4
Nickel	µg/L	100	60
Silver	µg/L	8.1	4.0
Zinc	µg/L	170	86
Antimony	µg/L	6	
Arsenic	µg/L	50	
Beryllium	µg/L	4	
Chromium III	µg/L	50	
Chromium VI	µg/L	16	8
Cyanide	µg/L	8.5	4.2
Mercury	µg/L	0.1	0.05 ⁴
Selenium	µg/L	8	4
Thallium	µg/L	13	6
Pentachlorophenol	µg/L	1.5	0.73
Chlordane	µg/L	0.0012	0.00059
4,4' -DDT	µg/L	0.0012	0.00059
Dieldrin	µg/L	0.00028	0.00014
alpha-Endosulfan	µg/L	0.092	0.046
beta-Endosulfan	µg/L	0.092	0.046
Endrin	µg/L	0.059	0.029
Heptachlor	µg/L	0.00042	0.00021
Heptachlor Epoxide	µg/L	0.00022	0.00011
Toxaphene	µg/L	0.0015	0.00075

FREQUENCY OF DISCHARGE:

The groundwater discharge is continuous and will last throughout the life of the building.

REUSE OF WATER:

Offsite disposal of the groundwater discharge is not feasible due to the high cost of disposal. The property and the immediate vicinity have no landscaped areas that require irrigation using the groundwater. Since there are no feasible reuse options, the groundwater will be discharged to the storm drain.