

State of California
CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD
LOS ANGELES REGION
320 West 4th Street, Suite 200, Los Angeles
FACT SHEET
WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS
FOR
KINDER MORGAN LIQUID TERMINALS, LLC
(Gaffey Street Terminal Remediation Project)
NPDES NO. CAG994004
CI-9194

FACILITY LOCATION

1313 & 1363 N. Gaffey Street
San Pedro, CA 90731

FACILITY MAILING ADDRESS

370 Van Gordon Street
Lakewood, Colorado 80228

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Kinder Morgan Liquid Terminals, LLC (Kinder Morgan) operates a groundwater treatment system at 1313 & 1363 Gaffey Street, San Pedro. The primary contaminants in groundwater at the site include total petroleum hydrocarbons, benzene, and heavy metals. The treatment system consists of oil/water separation tanks, process filters, and granular activated carbon (GAC) vessels connected in series to remove organic compounds. Additionally, filtration unit with resin will be used to remove heavy metals. Discharge of treated groundwater to nearby storm drain is covered under the General NPDES Permit CAG994004, Order No. R4-2003-0111. On August 12, 2008, Kinder Morgan submitted a complete Notice of Intent Form to continue enrollment under the general NPDES permit. Order No. R4-2008-0032 supersedes Order No. R4-2003-0111 and continues the enrollment under the General NPDES permit.

VOLUME AND DESCRIPTION OF DISCHARGE

Up to 450,000 gallons per day of treated groundwater will be discharged to a local storm drain at Latitude 33°45'28", Longitude 118°17'44", which flows to a miscellaneous coastal stream, then to the Los Angeles Inner Harbor, a water of the United States. The site location map and the schematic of waste flow diagram are shown as Figures 1 and 2, respectively.

APPLICABLE EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS

Based on the information provided in the NPDES Application Supplemental Requirements, the following constituents in the Table below have been determined to show reasonable potential to exist in the discharge. The treated groundwater discharged from the project site flows into a miscellaneous coastal stream. Therefore, discharge limitations specified in Attachment B are not applicable to the discharge.

September 30, 2008

This Table lists the specific constituents and effluent limitations applicable to the discharge.

Constituents	Units	Discharge Limitations	
		Daily Maximum	Monthly Average
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	150	50
Turbidity	NTU	150	50
BOD ₅ 20°C	mg/L	30	20
Oil and Grease	mg/L	15	10
Settleable Solids	ml/L	0.3	0.1
Sulfides	mg/L	1.0	---
Phenols	mg/L	1.0	---
Residual Chlorine	mg/L	0.1	---
Methylene Blue Active Substances (MBAS)	mg/L	0.5	---
Volatile Organic Compounds			
Benzene	µg/L	1.0	---
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	700	---
Naphthalene	µg/L	21	---
Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons	µg/L	100	---
Metals			
Copper	µg/L	5.8	2.9
Lead	µg/L	14	7.0
Nickel	µg/L	14	6.7
Zinc	µg/L	95	47

FREQUENCY OF DISCHARGE

The discharge of groundwater will begin in November 2008 and will be last for approximately six months.

REUSE OF WATER

It is not economically feasible to haul all the groundwater for off-site disposal. Due to the large volume of groundwater that will be generated, it is not feasible to discharge the water to the sanitary sewer system. There are no other feasible reuse options for the discharge. Therefore, the treated groundwater will be discharged to the storm drain in compliance with the requirements of the attached order.



