CALIFORNIA REGIONAL WATER QUALITY CONTROL BOARD LOS ANGELES REGION

475th Regular Board Meeting Thursday, July 1, 2004 – 9:00 a.m.

ITEM NO. 8.1

ORDER NO. R4-2004-XXXX NPDES No. CA0001309 WASTE DISCHARGE REQUIREMENTS FOR BOEING COMPANY SANTA SUSANA FIELD LABORATORY

CHANGE SHEET

(Additions are underlined, deletions are lined over)

Agenda page 8.1-19 (Fact Sheet Page 2)

A. Public Hearing

The proposed WDRs will be considered by the Regional Board at a public hearing. The hearing is scheduled as follows:

Date: May 6July 1, 2004 Time: 9:00 A.M. Location: City of Simi Valley Council Chambers, 2929 Tapo Canyon Road Simi Valley, California

Agenda page 8.1-22 (Fact Sheet Page 5)

Sewage Treatment Plants: Two package-type activated sludge sewage treatment plants (STP1 and STP3) provide secondary and tertiary treatment for most of the domestic sewage and groundwater treatment system effluent from the facilities. Disinfected sewage effluents from the activated sludge facilities are directed to the reclaimed water system reservoirs. Water from the reservoirs is reused for industrial purposes. A third activated sludge sewage treatment plant (STP2) is available, but is currently used only as a pump station to STP-3 and as temporary storage of excess sewage.

Agenda page 8.1-161 (Revised-Tentative Order Page 38)

6. The discharge shall not cause a violation of any applicable water quality standard for receiving waters adopted by the Regional Board or State Board. If more stringent

applicable water quality standards are promulgated or approved pursuant to Section 303 of the Clean Water Act, or amendments, thereto, the Regional Board will revise and modify this Order in accordance with such standards.

Agenda page 8.1-166 (Revised-Tentative Order Page 43)

I, <u>Dennis A. DickersonJonathan Bishop</u>, <u>Interim</u> Executive Officer, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of an Order adopted by the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Los Angeles Region on <u>May 6July 1</u>, 2004.

Dennis A. DickersonJonathan Bishop Interim Executive Officer

Agenda page 8.1-206 (MRP Page T-6)

IV. Effluent Monitoring Program

A. The following shall constitute the effluent monitoring program for the final effluent at Discharge Nos. 001, 002, 011 and 018.

Constituent	Units	Type of Sample	Minimum Frequency <u>of Analysis¹</u>
Total waste flow	gal/day		once per discharge event
Temperature	°F	grab	once per discharge event
рН	pH Units	grab	once per discharge event
Conductivity at 25°C	µmhos/cm	grab	once per discharge event
Total suspended solids	mg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Settleable solids	ml/L	grab	once per discharge event
BOD ₅ (20°C)	mg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Oil and grease	mg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Ammonia-N	mg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Turbidity	NTU	grab	once per discharge event
Total residual chlorine	mg/L	grab	annually
Total organic carbon	mg/L	grab	annually
Total dissolved solids	mg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Chloride	mg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Sulfate	mg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Detergents (as MBAS)	mg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Nitrate + Nitrate-N	mg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Cyanide ²	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Copper ²	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event

¹ During wet weather flow, a discharge event is greater than 0.1 inch of rainfall in a 24-hour period. No more than one sample per week need be obtained during extended periods of rainfall. Sampling shall be during the first hour of discharge or at the first safe opportunity. The reason for delay shall be included in the report. During dry weather flow, whenever Outfalls 001, 002, 011 or 018 is discharging, minimum sampling frequency during operations generating discharges shall be once per month. If the rain event is not sufficient to produce flow from the area, the observation must be documented with date, time condition and rainfall amount.

		Type of	Minimum Frequency
Constituent	Units	Sample	of Analysis ¹
Lead ²	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Mercury ²	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
1,1-Dichloroethylene	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Perchlorate	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Alpha-BHC	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Pentachlorophenol	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
TCDD*	μg/L	grab	once per discharge event
Volatile organic compounds	<u>μg/L</u>	<u>grab</u>	once per discharge event**
Boron	mg/L	grab	annually
Fluoride	mg/L	grab	annually
Barium	mg/L	grab	annually ⁶
Iron	mg/L	grab	annually
Manganese ²	μg/L	grab	annually
Antimony ²	μg/L	grab	annually ⁶
Arsenic ²	μg/L	grab	annually ⁶
Beryllium ²	μg/L	grab	annually ⁶
Cadmium ²	μg/L	grab	annually ⁶
Chromium (VI) ^{2,3}	μg/L	grab	annually ⁶
Nickel ²	μg/L	grab	annually ⁶
Selenium ²	μg/L	grab	annually ⁶
Silver ²	μg/L	grab	annually ⁶
Thallium ²	μg/L	grab	annually ⁶
Zinc ²	μg/L	grab	annually ⁶
Cobalt	μg/L	grab	annually
Vanadium	μg/L	grab	annually

^{*} Analysis must be completed for TCDD and all congeners. After four consecutive samples are reported as nondetect the sampling frequency may be decreased to quarterly. If detected subsequently, the frequency reverts back to once per discharge event.

^{**} Analysis must include benzene, carbon tetrachloride, chloroform, 1,1-dichloroethane, 1,2-dichloroethane, ethylbenzne, tetrachloroethylene, toluene, xylenes, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, 1,1,2-trichloroethane, trichloroethylene, trichlorofluoromethane, and vinyl chloride. Analyses shall be performed once per discharge for two years, if all results are nondetect the frequency of monitoring is decreased to quarterly. ² Total recoverable results are required.

³ The Discharger has the option to meet the hexavalent chromium limitations with a total chromium analysis. However, if the total chromium level exceeds the hexavalent chromium limitation, it will be considered a violation unless an analysis has been made for hexavalent chromium in replicate sample and the result is reported within the hexavalent chromium limits.

Constituent	Units	Type of Sample	Minimum Frequency of Analysis ¹
Radioactivity-			
Gross Alpha	pCi/L	grab	annually ⁶
Gross Beta ⁴	pCi/L	grab	annually ⁶
Combined Radium 226 & Radium 228 ⁵	pCi/L	grab	annually ⁶
Tritium ⁴	pCi/L	grab	annually ⁶
Strontium-90 ⁴	pCi/L	grab	annually ⁶
PCBs	μg/L	grab	annually
TPH ¹⁰	μg/L	grab	annually
Monomethylhydrazine	μg/L	grab	annually
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	μg/L	grab	annually
1,4-Dioxane	μg/L	grab	annually
1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-Trifluoroethane	μg/L	grab	quarterly
1,2-Dichloro-1,1,2-triflouroethane	μg/L	grab	annually
Cyclohexane	μg/L	grab	annually
Remaining USEPA priority pollutants	μg/L	grab	annually ⁶
excluding asbestos ¹¹		-	
Acute toxicity	. survival	grab	annually
Chronic toxicity	TU _c	grab	annually

Date: May 6July 1, 2004

Agenda page 8.1-217 (MRP Page T-17)

Ordered by:

Dennis A. DickersonJonathan Bishop Interim Executive Officer

⁴ Analyze these radiochemicals by the following USEPA testing methods: method 900.0 for gross alpha and gross beta, method 903.0 or 903.1 for radium-226, method 904.0 for radium-228, method 906.0 for tritium, and method 905.0 for strontium-90.

⁵ Analysis for combined Radium-226 & 228 shall be conducted only if gross alpha results for the same sample exceed 15 pCi/L or beta greater than 50 pCi/L. It the Radium-226 & 228 exceeds the stipulated criteria analyze for Tritium and Strontium-90. If the analyses of these constituents demonstrates exceedances the monitoring frequency is increased to once per discharge until four consecutive analysis demonstrates compliance with the effluent limitations.

⁶If the detected concentration exceeds the criteria, the frequency of analysis must be increased to once per discharge. After four consecutive samplings demonstrating compliance the frequency reverts back to annually.