



San Diego Regional Water Quality Control Board

TENTATIVE

Debora A. Burke Vice President & General Counsel General Dynamics National Steel & Shipbuilding Company 2798 Harbor Drive San Diego, CA 92113-3650 <u>debora.burke@nassco.com</u> In reply refer to/attn: 243883:EKnight

Subject: Tentative Notice of Applicability, Order R9-2023-0012, National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit CAG039001, General Waste Discharge Requirements for Discharges from Shipyards to San Diego Bay

General Dynamics National Steel and Shipbuilding Company Shipyard

Debora A. Burke:

On May 10, 2023, the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, San Diego Region (San Diego Water Board) adopted Order R9-2023-0012, National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit CAG039001, Waste Discharge Requirements for Discharges from Shipyards to San Diego Bay (General Order). The General Order allows any owner or operator of a shipyard located adjacent to San Diego Bay to submit a Notice of Intent (NOI) application for coverage under the General Order. Regulatory coverage under the General Order will commence when the San Diego Water Board approves the NOI and issues a Notice of Applicability (NOA). The NOA may include additional or increased monitoring or other facility-specific requirements due to site-specific circumstances. The Discharger will be authorized to discharge starting on the effective date specified in the NOA and shall comply with the terms and conditions of the General Order and the NOA.

On September 27, 2023, General Dynamics National Steel and Shipbuilding Company (NASSCO or Discharger) submitted an NOI application for coverage under the General Order.

This NOA is to inform the Discharger that the General Dynamics NASSCO shipyard (Facility) is enrolled in the General Order effective on the date of this NOA.

Order R9-2016-0116, NPDES Permit CA0109134 (Previous Order), an individual NPDES permit that regulates discharges to San Diego Bay from the Facility is hereby

GARY STRAWN, CHAIR | DAVID GIBSON, EXECUTIVE OFFICER

rescinded. Pursuant to Order R9-2023-0012, the Previous Order will be rescinded upon the effective date of this NOA. (See page 11 of Order R9-2023-0012).

The Facility meets the enrollment eligibility criteria included in the General Order. An electronic copy of the General Order is available online at the following website:

https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/sandiego/board_decisions/adopted_orders/orders2023. html

NOA INFORMATION

The Discharger Information, Discharge Location, and Enrollment Information are summarized in Tables 1 through 3 below. Table 4, Administrative Information, contains the NOA issuance date, and enrollment effective date.

Table 1- Discharger Information

Discharger	General Dynamics
Name of Facility	General Dynamics National Steel and Shipbuilding Company (NASSCO)
Facility Address	2798 E. Harbor Drive San Diego, CA 92113-3650

Table 2 – Discharge Locations

Discharge Point	Effluent Description	Discharge Point Latitude	Discharge Point Longitude	Receiving Water
IX-001 (Ion Exchange Treatment System)	Hydrostatic relief water and flood water from Building Ways 3 and Building Ways 4.	32.68830	-117.13791	San Diego Bay
M-1 (Floating Dry Dock)	Discharges of ballast water while the Floating Dry Dock is not operating as a means of transportation, such as when the Floating Dry Dock is at its mooring position to conduct ship repair activity.	32.68896	-117.13987	San Diego Bay

Discharge Point	Effluent Description	Discharge Point Latitude	Discharge Point Longitude	Receiving Water
M-2 (Graving Dock)	Graving Dock flood water and stormwater that flows into the Graving Dock during a Graving Dock flooding event.	32.68802	-117.13775	San Diego Bay
SW-001 (North Shipyard)	Stormwater (sheet flow) exceeding the capacity of the Stormwater Diversion System (SWDS).	32.69013	-117.14246	San Diego Bay
SW-002 (South Shipyard)	Stormwater (sheet flow) exceeding the capacity of the SWSD.	32.68934	-117.13897	San Diego Bay
SW-003 (Chollas Creek)	Stormwater (sheet flow) exceeding the capacity of the SWSD.	32.68801	-117.13177	San Diego Bay

Table 3 – Enrollment Information

Table 3 – Enrollment Information	
WDID	9 00000066
	Sara Giobbi
Facility Contact Title Among	Director, Safety and Environmental
Facility Contact, Title, Agency,	NASSCO
Phone, and Email	619-544-8764
	Sgiobbi@nassco.com
Authorized Person to Sign and	Sara Giobbi
Submit Reports	
Mailing Address	2798 E. Harbor Drive
Mailing Address	San Diego, CA 92113-3650
Billing Address	Same as above
	Shipbuilding and Repair
Type of Facility	(SIC Code 3731)
Major or Minor Facility	Major
Discharge Category	1 – Highest Threat to Water Quality
	Effluent: 22 million gallons per day.
Facility Permitted Flow	Industrial stormwater discharge to be calculated
_	at the time of discharge event.
	908.22 – Pueblo San Diego Hydrologic Unit, San
Watershed	Diego Mesa Hydrologic Area, Chollas Hydrologic
	Subarea
Receiving Water	San Diego Bay

Table 4 – Administrative Information

This NOA was issued by the Executive Officer on:	TENTATIVE
This Enrollment is effective as of:	TENTATIVE

NOA FINDINGS AND REQUIREMENTS

The Discharger must comply with all applicable requirements in the General Order and any additional requirements included in this NOA, upon the effective date of enrollment in the General Order.

1. FACILITY AND DISCHARGE DESCRIPTION

1.1. Facility Description

NASSCO is a business unit of General Dynamics Corporation, located at 2798 East Harbor Drive in San Diego, California. The NASSCO shipyard provides a full range of ship construction, conversion, and repair capabilities to the United States Navy and commercial customers. The Facility covers approximately 133 acres of tidelands property leased (land and water) from the San Diego Unified Port District. The land portion of the lease covers approximately 85 acres. Improvements to the land lease include approximately 1.6 million square feet of office, shop and warehouse space, and 392,800 square feet of concrete platens used for steel fabrication, a floating dry dock, a graving dock (building dock), two building ways, twelve berths, and a blast and paint facility. A sheet pile bulkhead and a wall along most of the waterfront separate the land and the adjacent receiving waters of San Diego Bay.

A stormwater containment berm encompasses the entire shipyard to prevent the discharge of stormwater and separate the land and the adjacent receiving waters of San Diego Bay.

General industrial processes associated with shipbuilding, conversion, repair, and maintenance include: metal fabrication, welding and brazing, abrasive blasting, hydroblasting, fiberglass work, paint and coating application, mechanical work, electrical work, woodwork (including sanding), chemical cleaning of piping, line heating, and hazardous waste storage. Several shipbuilding and repair activities take place over water or near shore locations, while others may be performed in workshops or at work sites located inland on the shipyard property. Crane transportation of components and storage operations are also provided. Ships are constructed in the Building Ways or the Graving Dock. Ships can be repaired in the Floating Dry Dock, Graving Dock, Building Ways, or pier side.

1.2. Description of Wastewater

A description of the types of wastewater generated at the Facility is provided in the subsections below.

1.2.1. Graving Dock and Building Ways Hydrostatic Relief Water

Hydrostatic relief water is water pumped from the ground to prevent seepage or buckling of the floor or walls of the Graving Dock and Building Ways. Discharges from the hydrostatic relief systems are directed to the Ion Exchange Treatment System.

1.2.2. Building Ways Flood Water

Building Ways 3 and Building Ways 4 are flooded with bay water to launch vessels. Flood water discharges from Building Ways 3 and Building Ways 4 are directed to the Ion Exchange Treatment System.

1.2.3. Ion Exchange Treatment System Effluent

Hydrostatic relief water and flood water from Building Ways 3 and Building Ways 4 are directed to an ion exchange treatment system to remove copper, nickel, and zinc. The effluent from the Ion Exchange Treatment System is discharged through Discharge Point No. IX-001 to San Diego Bay. The Ion Exchange Treatment System consists of three 10,000-gallon storage tanks, two centrifugal pumps, three multimedia filter vessels in parallel, two granular activated carbon (GAC) vessels in parallel, and two ion exchange media vessels in series.

The Ion Exchange Treatment System maximum daily discharge stated in the NOI is 242,859 gallons per day (gpd) and the average daily flowrate as 185,230 gpd. The maximum daily discharge flowrate shall not exceed 243,000 gpd.

1.2.4. Floating Dry Dock Ballast Water

A floating dry dock is a vessel which can be submerged and raised to bring another vessel out of the water to conduct repairs. Sinking and floating the Floating Dry Dock are accomplished by flooding and emptying the ballast tanks of the Floating Dry Dock. Ballast tanks are also used to adjust the trim of the dock. Ballast water is discharged through Discharge Point No. M-1 to San Diego Bay. Discharges of the Floating Dry Dock ballast water are estimated at a maximum of 104,000 gallons per minute (gpm). Discharges of ballast water while docking or undocking a vessel are not regulated by the General Order nor the NOA but are regulated by the United Stated Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) Vessel General Permit (VGP) under Permit Tracking No. VPAAO662O. Discharges of ballast water while the Floating Dry Dock is not operating as a means of transportation, such as when the Floating Dry Dock is at its mooring position to conduct ship repair activity, are regulated by the General Order.

1.2.5. Graving Dock Flood Water

The Graving Dock is flooded with San Diego Bay water to launch and retrieve vessels. Flood water is discharged to San Diego Bay via Discharge Point No. M-2 when vessels are launched or retrieved. Estimates of the discharge volumes from flooding are approximately 18 to 22 million gallons per flooding event

pumped at a rate of 18,000 gpm. The General Order includes a requirement for best management practices (BMPs) for cleaning the Graving Dock to prevent or minimize the discharge of pollutants prior to and during flooding.

The Graving Dock is primarily used for new construction of vessels and a noncopper based antifouling hull coating system is applied to new vessels as a BMP to achieve compliance with the effluent limitation for copper. Occasionally, the Graving Dock is used for repair or minor maintenance of vessels with existing antifouling hull coating systems which may contain copper.

The Graving Dock volume is 22 million gallons, and the flowrate is based on the entire volume discharged in one day; therefore, the maximum daily discharge flowrate shall not exceed 22 million gallons per day (MGD).

1.2.6. Stormwater

The Discharger operates and maintains a Stormwater Diversion System (SWDS) that is designed to capture stormwater runoff from all industrial areas. The Discharger developed the SWDS to eliminate the discharge of industrial stormwater to San Diego Bay with a capacity to retain in excess of 33,858,000 gallons, more than enough capacity to capture a 100-year storm event (approximately 3.5 inches of rain in 24 hours). All stormwater captured within the Facility is discharged to the San Diego Metropolitan Sanitary Sewer System (SDMSSS). Stormwater that flows into the Graving Dock during a graving dock flooding event will be discharged to San Diego Bay through Discharge Point No. M-2. Stormwater exceeding the capacity of the SWSD will be discharged to San Diego Bay through Discharge Point No. SW-001, SW-002, or SW-003.

2. FACILITY REQUIREMENTS

The Discharger must implement the requirements contained in the General Order and this NOA.

3. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS

3.1. Reasonable Potential Analysis

The San Diego Water Board has reviewed the NOI and determined that each pollutant parameter listed in Table 5 below has a reasonable potential to cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable water quality standards (California Toxic Rule Water Quality Criteria found in Table F-6 of Attachment F of the General Order). Accordingly, this NOA is conditioned on the requirement that discharges from the Facility to San Diego Bay must not exceed applicable concentration and mass-based effluent limitations contained in section 5, Tables 1 through 4 of the General Order for the parameters listed in Table 5 below. The San Diego Water Board conducted the Reasonable Potential Analysis (RPA) consistent with section 1.3 of the State Implementation Plan (SIP) based on existing monitoring data.

Discharge Type	Parameter	Maximum Effluent Concentration (MEC) micrograms per liter (ug/L)	Background (B) (ug/L)	Criteria (C) (ug/L)	Reason
Ion Exchange Treatment System	Copper	6.10	15	3.7	MEC>=C
Ion Exchange Treatment System	Bis (2- Ethylhexyl) Phthalate	8.00	24	5.9	MEC>=C
Graving Dock	Copper	7.3	15	3.7	MEC>=C

Table 5 – Summary of RPA Results for Discharges from the Facility

3.2. Effluent Limitations

The Discharger must not exceed the following parameters:

Table 6 – Effluent Limitations for Discharges from the Ion Exchange Treatment System at Discharge Point No. IX-001

Parameter	Units	Average Monthly Effluent Limitation (AMEL)	Average Weekly Effluent Limitation (AWEL)	Maximum Daily Effluent Limitation (MDEL)	Instantaneous Maximum Effluent Limitation (IMAX)	Median Monthly Effluent Limitation (MMEL)
Flow	Gallons per day			243,000		
рН	Standard Units				7.0 – 9.0	
Temperature	Degrees Fahrenheit (°F)				[1]	
Oil and Grease	Milligrams per liter (mg/L ^[2]	25	40		75	
Oil and Grease	Pounds per day (Ibs/day)	50.6	81			

Debora A. Burke General Dynamics NASSCO

Parameter	Units	Average Monthly Effluent Limitation (AMEL)	Average Weekly Effluent Limitation (AWEL)	Maximum Daily Effluent Limitation (MDEL)	Instantaneous Maximum Effluent Limitation (IMAX)	Median Monthly Effluent Limitation (MMEL)
Settleable Solids	Milliliter per liter (ml/L)	1.0	1.5		3.0	
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L ^[2]	60				
Total Suspended Solids	lbs/day	1.22				
Turbidity	Nephelomet ric Turbidity Unit (NTU)	75	100		225	
Chronic Toxicity	"Pass/Fail" and % Effect			Pass or <50% Effect ^[3]		[4]
Copper, Total Recoverable	ug/L ^[2]	2.1		5.6		
Copper, Total Recoverable	lbs/day	4.25E- 03		1.13E-02		
Bis(2- Ethylhexyl)Phth alate	ug/L ^[2]	5.9				
Bis(2- Ethylhexyl)Phth alate	lbs/day	8.62E- 06				

Footnotes:

- [1] Discharges shall not be greater than 20°F over the natural temperature of the receiving water at any time.
- [2] The concentration-based effluent limitations stated in the table above are also applicable as mass-based effluent limitations expressed as lbs/day which are calculated as follows: Parameter Concentration (expressed as mg/L) x Flow

Limit (expressed as MGD) x 8.34 (conversion factor) = Mass-based Effluent Limitation (expressed as lbs/day).

The flow limit (MGD) value used in this equation shall be the maximum volume of discharge from the ion exchange treatment system specified in the NOA. The discharge shall not cause the calculated mass-based effluent limitations to be exceeded.

- [3] The MDEL is exceeded if a chronic toxicity test using the most sensitive species results in a "Fail" at the instream waste concentration (IWC) for any sub-lethal endpoint measured in the test and a "Percent Effect" greater than or equal to 50 percent for the survival endpoint or the sub-lethal endpoint if there is no survival endpoint.
- [4] The MMEL is exceeded when two or more chronic toxicity tests using the most sensitive species initiated in a calendar month result in a "Fail" at the IWC for any endpoint.

Parameter	Units	AMEL ^[1]	AWEL ^[2]	MDEL	IMAX
Flow	Million gallons per day (MGD)			22	
рН	Standard Units				7.0 – 9.0
Temperature	°F				[3]
Oil and Grease	mg/L	25	40		75
Oil and Grease	lbs/day ^[5]	4,587	7,340		
Settleable Solids	Milliliters per Liter (ml/L)	1.0	1.5		3.0
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	60			
Total Suspended Solids	lbs/day ^[5]	11,009			
Turbidity	Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU)	75	100		225

Table 7. Effluent Limitations for Deflooding Water from Graving Dock atDischarge Point No. M-2

Parameter	Units	AMEL ^[1]	AWEL ^[2]	MDEL	IMAX
Chronic Toxicity	"Pass/Fail" and % Effect			Pass or <50% Effect ^[4]	
Copper, Total Recoverable	ug/L	2.9	-	5.8	
Copper, Total Recoverable	lbs/day ^[5]	0.532		1.06	
Zinc, Total Recoverable	ug/L	47		95	
Zinc, Total Recoverable	lbs/day ^[5]	8.62		17.4	

Footnotes:

- [1] The AMEL will not apply for a single discharge event spanning no longer than a day during a calendar month.
- [2] The Average Weekly Effluent Limitations only apply if there is a discharge more than one day in a week.
- [3] Discharges shall not be greater than 20°F over the natural temperature of the receiving water at any time.
- [4] The Maximum Daily Effluent Limitation is exceeded if a chronic toxicity test using the most sensitive species results in a "Fail" at the instream waste concentration (IWC) for any sub-lethal endpoint measured in the test and a "Percent Effect" greater than or equal to 50 percent for the survival endpoint or the sub-lethal endpoint if there is no survival endpoint.
- [5] The concentration-based effluent limitations stated in the table above are also applicable as mass-based effluent limitations expressed as lbs/day which are calculated as follows: Parameter Concentration (expressed as mg/L) x Flow Limit (expressed as MGD) x 8.34 (conversion factor) = Mass-based Effluent Limitation (expressed as lbs/day).

The flow limit (MGD) value used in this equation shall be the maximum volume of discharge from the Graving Dock specified in the NOA. The discharge shall not cause the calculated mass-based effluent limitations to be exceeded.

3.3. Anti-Backsliding Requirements

Sections 402(o) and 303(d)(4) of the Clean Water Act (CWA) and federal regulations at Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations (40 CFR) section 122.44(I) restrict backsliding in NPDES permits. These anti-backsliding provisions

require that effluent limitations in a reissued permit must be as stringent as those in the previous permit, with some exceptions in which limitations may be relaxed. The effluent limitation values are the same as the General Order and they are the same or more stringent than the previous order.

3.4 Antidegradation Policy

Federal regulation 40 CFR section 131.12 requires that the state water quality standards include an antidegradation policy consistent with the federal policy. The State Water Board established California's antidegradation policy in State Water Board Resolution 68-16 ("Statement of Policy with Respect to Maintaining High Quality of Waters in California"). Resolution 68-16 is deemed to incorporate the federal antidegradation policy where the federal policy applies under federal law. Resolution 68-16 requires that existing water quality be maintained unless degradation is justified based on specific findings. The San Diego Water Board's Basin Plan implements, and incorporates by reference, both the state and federal antidegradation provision of 40 CFR section 131.12 and State Water Board Resolution 68-16.

4. RECEIVING WATER LIMITATIONS

4.1. Receiving Water Limitations and Sediment Limitations

The Discharger shall not cause violations of the requirements contained in section 6 of the General Order.

5. MONITORING AND REPORTING PROGRAM

5.1. Effluent Monitoring

The Discharger shall monitor as required in section 3.2 and 7.3 of the MRP of the General Order.

- 5.2. Receiving Water Monitoring
- 5.2.1. Receiving Water Monitoring Plan

The Discharger shall submit a Receiving Water Monitoring Plan within twelve months of the effective date of this NOA. The plan shall include the requirements in section 4.3 of the MRP of the General Order and the parameters from Table E-6 of the General Order.

5.2.2. Sediment Monitoring Plan

The Discharger shall submit a submit a Sediment Monitoring Plan within twelve months of the effective date of this NOA. This plan shall include the requirements in section 4.4 of the MRP of the General Order and a schedule of Sediment Monitoring Report submittals.

5.2.3. Sediment Monitoring Report

The Discharger shall submit a Sediment Monitoring Report every 2 years in accordance with the schedule in the Sediment Monitoring Plan.

5.3. Mass Effluent Rate (MER)

In addition to reporting results in concentration units as specified in the Monitoring and Reporting Program (MRP), Attachment E of the General Order, the Discharger shall also report the monitoring results in units of mass (lbs/day) for compliance with the applicable mass-based effluent limitations for the parameters listed above. The mass-based effluent result is calculated using the following formulas:

- Parameter Concentration (if expressed as mg/L) x Daily Flowrate (expressed as MGD) x 8.34 (conversion factor) = Mass-based Effluent Result (expressed as lbs/day).
- Parameter Concentration (if expressed as ug/L) x Daily Flowrate (expressed as MGD) x 0.00834 (conversion factor) = Mass-based Effluent Result (expressed as lbs/day).
- 5.4. Self-Monitoring Reports

The Discharger shall submit all supporting documentation with the Self-Monitoring Reports (SMR), including but not limited to laboratory reports and chain-of-custody forms.

5.4.1. No Discharge Certification

For any monitoring period in which no discharge occurred, the SMR shall include a statement certifying that no discharge occurred during the monitoring period.

5.4.2. Electronic Submittals

The Discharger shall electronically submit all monitoring reports and documents required by this NOA and the General Order using the State Water Board's California Integrated Water Quality System (CIWQS) website (<u>https://www.waterboards.ca.gov/water_issues/programs/ciwqs</u>). The Discharger shall maintain sufficient staffing and resources to ensure submittals are complete and timely.

The CIWQS website will provide additional information for submittals in the event there will be a planned service interruption for electronic submittal. In an unexpected event send the submittal by email to <u>sandiego@waterboards.ca.gov</u>

and include in a carbon copy to the San Diego Water Board staff. Include in the subject the reference code **243883:EKnight**. Routine email correspondence may be sent directly to individual San Diego Water Board staff members.

5.5. Reporting Schedule

Table 8. NOA Reporting Schedule

Report Name	MRP Section of the General Order	Due Date (date)
Initial Investigation TRE Work Plan	3.3.1.9.1	Within 90 days of the effective date of the NOA
Detailed TRE Work Plan	3.3.1.9.4	Within 30 days of receiving the validated results for a TRE trigger
TIE Work Plan	3.3.1.9 5	As required by the San Diego Water Board
TRE/TIE Progress Reports	3.3.1.9 6	February 1 and August 1 each year following the TRE trigger
TRE/TIE Final Report	3.3.1.9 8	As described in the Detail TRE Work Plan
Receiving Water Monitoring Plan	4.3	Within 12 months of the effective date of the NOA
Sediment Monitoring Plan	4.4	Within 12 months of the effective date of the NOA
Receiving Water Monitoring Report	4.3	Annually, by September 1, as described in the Receiving Water Monitoring Plan
Sediment Monitoring Report	4.4	Every two years, by September 1, as described in the Sediment Monitoring Plan
Climate Change Action Plan	6.1	Within three years of the effective date of the NOA

Report Name	MRP Section of the General Order	Due Date (date)
Quarterly Report	8.2.7.1	May 1 August 1 November 1 February 1
Annual Report	8.2.7.2	September 1
Industrial Stormwater Annual Report	7.3.5	September 1

6. ENFORCEMENT

The Discharger must review and ensure this NOA completely and accurately reflects the Facility's discharge. If the Discharger violates the terms or conditions listed in this NOA or the General Order, the San Diego Water Board may take enforcement action, including assessment of administrative civil liability.

Pursuant to Water Code section 13385, subdivisions (h) and (i), violations of effluent limitations contained in a NPDES permit subject the Discharger to a Mandatory Minimum Penalty (MMP) of \$3,000 for each serious violation, or for the fourth and each subsequent non-serious violation in a six-month period. The Discharger is also subject to discretionary administrative civil liability for each NPDES permit violation in an amount not to exceed the sum of both the following pursuant to Water Code section 13385, subdivision (c): \$10,000 for each day in which the violation occurs; and \$10 for each gallon of discharge not cleaned up in excess of 1,000 gallons.

7. OTHER INFORMATION

7.1. 30-Day Comment Period

A tentative version of this NOA was noticed and released for public review and comment on February 14, 2025, with comments due by March 17, 2025. The Notice of Opportunity to Comment (Notice) was posted on the San Diego Water Board website for the duration of the comment period and sent to the Discharger and all known interested parties. The Notice announced the availability of the Tentative NOA for review and provided instructions for submittal of written comments.

7.2. Additional Modifications

This NOA may be modified to require technical or monitoring reports to assess the quality of the discharge and its potential impact on the water quality and beneficial uses of the receiving water.

7.3. Petition for Review

Any person aggrieved by this action of the San Diego Water Board may petition the State Water Resources Control Board (State Water Board) to review the action in accordance with Water Code section 13320 and California Code of Regulations, title 23, sections 2050 et seq. The State Water Board must receive the petition by 5:00 p.m., 30 calendar days after the date of this letter. Copies of the law and regulations applicable to filing petitions may be found on the Internet at http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/public_notices/petitions/water_quality or will be provided upon request.

In the subject line of any response, please include the reference **243883:EKnight**. If you have any questions regarding this NOA or the discharge requirements of the General Order, please contact Ella Knight at Ella.Knight@waterboards.ca.gov or (619) 521-3342.

Respectfully,

TENTATIVE

David W. Gibson Executive Officer

Copies to: Sara Giobbi, Director, Safety and Environmental, General Dynamics NASSCO, <u>sgiobbi@nassco.com</u> Andrew Aguilar Manager, Environmental Engineering, General Dynamics NASSCO, <u>andrew.aguilar@nassco.com</u>

Tech Staff Info & Use	
General Order	R9-2023-0012
General NPDES Permit	CAG039001
Previous Order	R9-2016-0116
Previous NPDES Permit	CA0109134
CW Place ID (National Steel & Shipbuilding Co (NASSCO))	243883
CW Party/Organization ID (General Dynamics National Steel	31242
and Shipbuilding Company)	
CW Party/Person ID (Debora A. Burke)	627179
CW Party/Person ID (Sara Giobbi)	562952
CW Party/Person ID (Andrew Aguilar)	638917
CW Regulatory Measure (General Order)	453413
CW Regulatory Measure (NOA Enrollment draft)	459091
Previous CW Regulatory Measure (R9-2015-0034)	408359
WDID	9 00000066