Reservoir water chemistry and fisheries management questionnaire





Background and Goals

- Understand management strategies in mercury-impaired reservoirs
- Use this information to group reservoirs for pilot studies
- Encourage a collaborative approach to share resources and expertise

Working Together In Progress



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Results Summary

- All geographic regions represented
- Mix of ownership types:
 - Federal/State Agency
 - City/County
 - Large Municipality
 - Small Private



Reservoir Characteristics



Current Water Chemistry Management

- Oxygenation about 15% manage for Oxygen
 - Mainly to reduce algae growth, taste & odor in drinking water
 - A few reservoirs plan to manage for oxygen
- Nutrient Addition: A few plan to restore historical salmon runs including fish ladders or minimal additions of nitrogen or phosphorus



Mercury Monitoring and Management

- > 60% reported THg or MeHg studies (67 reservoirs)
 - Majority THg in water column; MeHg in fish; THg in sediment
- 10 reservoirs have upstream Hg management
- 3 reservoirs managed to reduce Hg
- 2 in-reservoir sediment removal or encapsulation projects



Fisheries Management

- 90% allow public fishing
- 60% stock fish and over 70% confirm consumption
 - LMB, Rainbow Trout, Channel Catfish, Carp, SMB

A Healthy Guide to Eating Fish from Lakes and Reservoirs without Site-Specific Advice

Women 18-45 years and children 1-17 years



Pilot Test Binning Options: Pros and Cons

Sources

Geographic Region

Reservoir Size

Geologic Region

Reservoir Function & Management

 Actively eroding upstream mines • Owner/operators lack ability to compel cleanup, atmospheric dep. • Ease of coordination; many have similar ecology & water quality Majority located in Central Valley & SF Bay Regions Similar implementation challenges Different ecology & water quality despite same size (e.g. elevation) • Similar Hg enrichment Not enough broad regions for multiple tests • Similar water level management practices Reservoir function unrelated to water quality

Other Binning Suggestions

- Highest Trophic Level
 - Easy to compare to WQO
- Source of water
 - Imported outside watershed
 - Groundwater
 - Potable
- Degree of contamination



Discussion: Binning



Where should pilot tests occur?

42% Greatest Reduction in Fish MeHg

38% Other WQ mgmt. practices planned

30% Greatest consumption of fish

22% Ease of operations

Pilot Test Selection

25% Oxidant Addition

18% Changes to fish stocking practices

16% Other practices to reduce methylation

15% Changes to fish assemblage





Willingness to Conduct Pilot Test







Financial & Technical Contributions

Pilot Test

Technical Review Committee

Financial 84% Unsure Technical 62% Unsure



Financial & Technical 58% Unsure

Discussion: Pilot Tests and Contributions

What additional information is needed to make contributing financial or technical assistance from 'undecided' to 'decided' in order to support a collaborative approach?



Questions and Discussion

