Workshop on CECs and Aquatic Ecosystem Monitoring: the state of knowledge and practice in California May 1, 2017

## Developing a Statewide Constituent of Emerging Concern Management Strategy



Claire Waggoner Senior Environmental Scientist Statewide Policies and Planning Division of Water Quality State Water Resources Control Board



## **Presentation Overview**

Water Boards and the Division of Water Quality

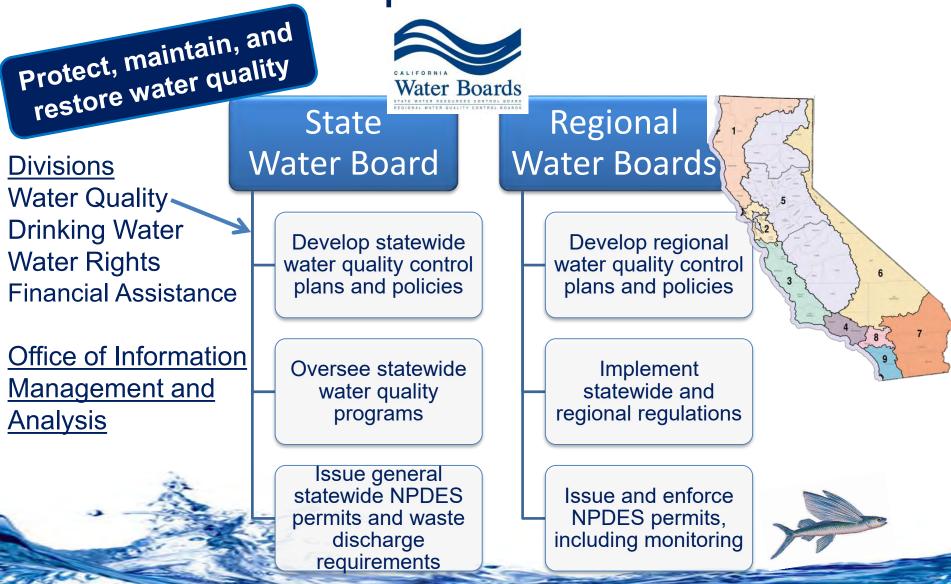
- Framing the issue
- History and current CEC work at the Water Boards

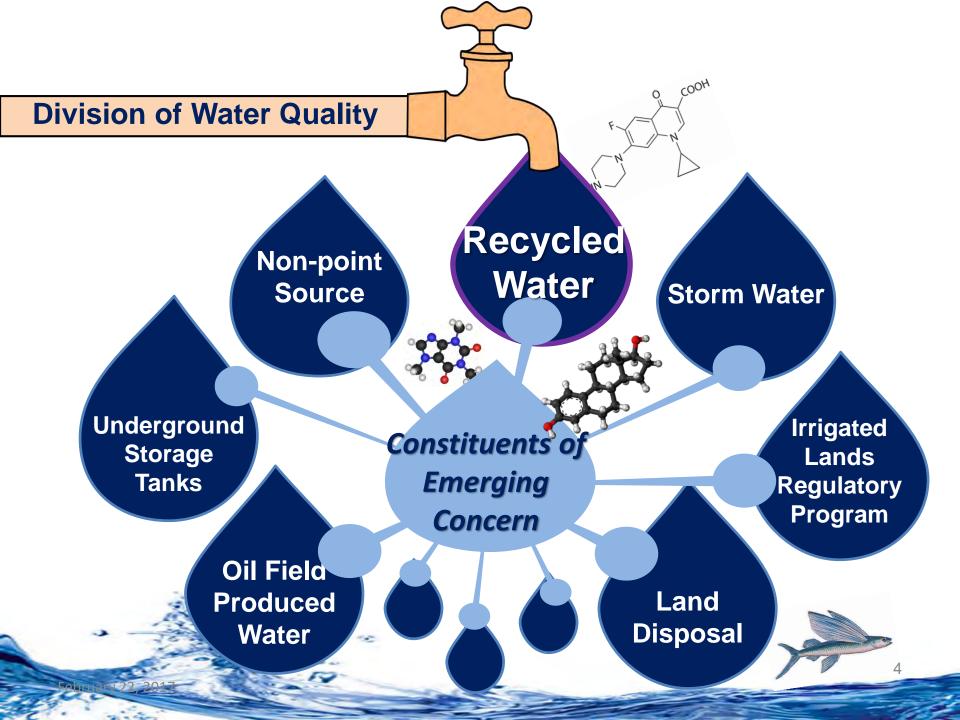


Water Boards CEC Initiative

- Advancing the science to fill the gaps
  - Recycled Water Research Workshop
  - Developing CEC Screening Tools
  - Reconvening the CEC Science Advisory Panel
- Developing a statewide management strategy

#### Water Boards Roles and Responsibilities





## Challenges with CECs

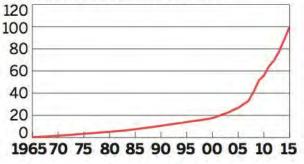
- Number of CECs
  - Transformation byproducts
  - Diverse chemical properties
- Analytically challenging
- Mixtures

Chemical & Engineering News 2015 93(32), p14

#### **EXPONENTIAL GROWTH** In the past 10 years, CAS has added 75 million entries to its registry—triple the number added during

Cumulative substances, millions

the first 40 years.



SOURCE: CAS

- Data gaps (e.g., toxicity, pharmacokinetics, metabolomics)
- Disagreement on definitions



## How do we begin to address these challenges?

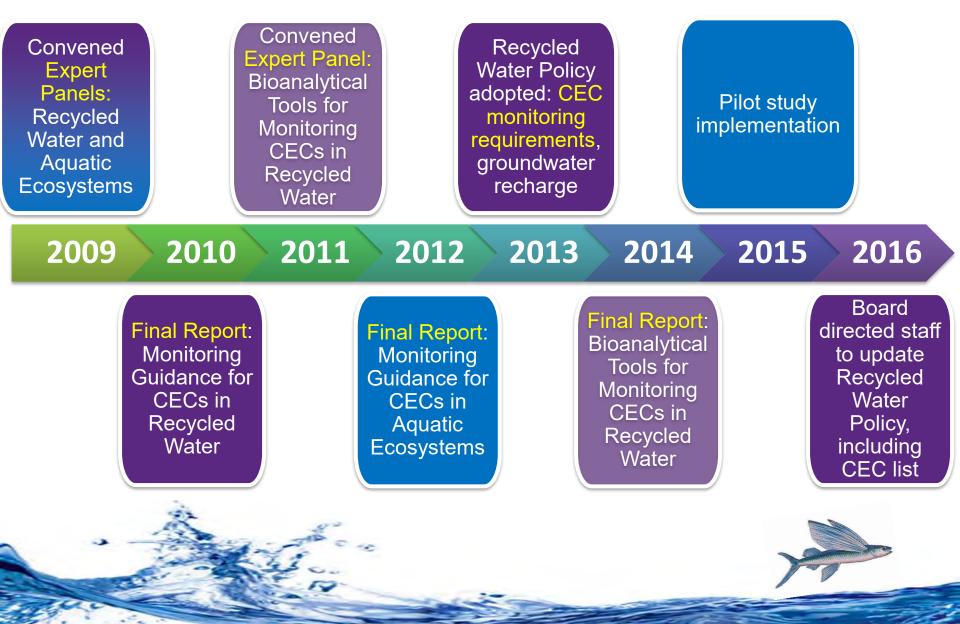
- Applying the standard permitting paradigm for CECs is not feasible or advisable
- Flint, Hinkley, etc. demonstrate need for action, accountability, and transparency



- Sharing the information without having all of the answers
- Messaging and strategy become critically important

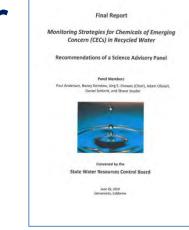


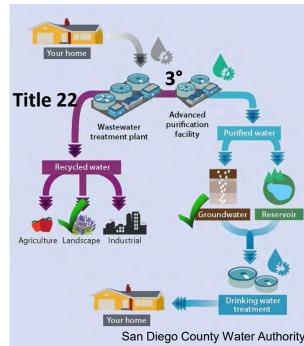
## CEC History at the Water Boards



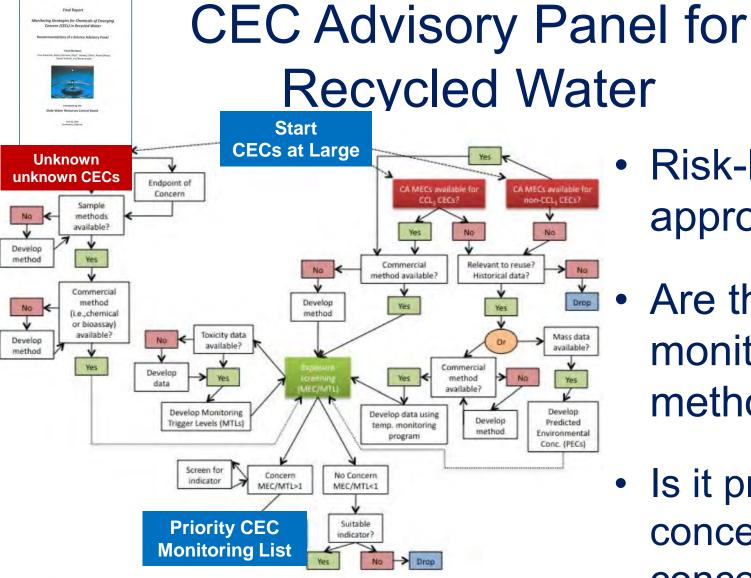
#### CEC Advisory Panel for Recycled Water

- Developed a conceptual framework for determining which CECs to monitor
  - landscape irrigation
  - groundwater recharge
- Proposed using surrogates and indicator compounds to assess treatment performance









 Risk-based approach

Are there monitoring methods?

 Is it present at a concentration of concern?

Figure 8.1. Conceptual CEC prioritization scheme.

#### CEC Monitoring Recommendations for Groundwater Recharge and Landscape Irrigation

Table 1 - CECs to be Monitored

Table 2: Surrogates

<u>Constituent</u>	<u>Constituent</u>	Relevance/Indicator	<b>Reporting</b>	GROUNDWATER RECHARGE REUSE - SURFACE
	Group	Type	<u>Limit (µg/L)</u>	APPLICATION
GROUNDWATER RECHARGE REUSE - SURFACE APPLICATION				Ammonia Total Organic Carbon (TOC)
17β-estradiol	Steroid	Health	0.001	Nitrate
	hormones	ricalti	0.001	Ultraviolet (UV) Light Absorption
Caffeine	Stimulant	Health & Performance	0.05	GROUNDWATER RECHARGE REUSE - SUBSURFACE
N-Nitrosodimethylamine	Disinfection	Health	0.002	APPLICATION
(NDMA)	byproduct			Electrical Conductivity TOC
Triclosan	Antimicrobial	Health	0.05	
Gemfibrozil	Pharmaceutical	Performance	0.01	
lopromide	Pharmaceutical	Performance	0.05	
N,N-Diethyl-meta-	Personal care	Performance	0.05	Final Report
toluamide (DEET)	product			Manifesting Standarding for Chaminals of Encoder
Sucralose	Food additive	Performance	0.1	Monitoring Strategies for Chemicals of Emerging Concern (CECs) in Recycled Water
GROUNDWATER RECHARGE REUSE - SUBSURFACE APPLICATION				
17β-estradiol	Steroid	Health	0.001	Recommendations of a Science Advisory Panel
	hormones			
Caffeine	Stimulant	Health & Performance	0.05	Panel Members Paul Anderson, Nancy Denslow, Jörg E: Drewes ( <i>Chair</i> ), Adam Olivieri,
NDMA	Disinfection	Health & Performance	0.002	Daniel Schlenk, and Shane Snyder
	byproduct			
Triclosan	Antimicrobial	Health	0.05	
DEET	Personal care	Performance	0.05	
	product			
Sucralose	Food additive	Performance	0.1	
µg/L – Micrograms per liter	•			Convened by the

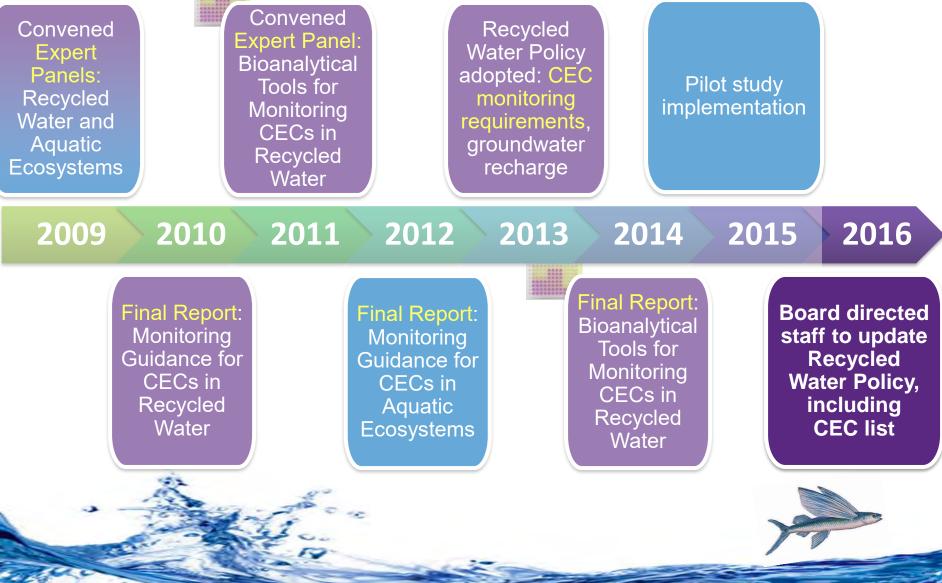
State Water Resources Control Board

June 25, 2010 Sacramento, California

## CEC History at the Water Boards

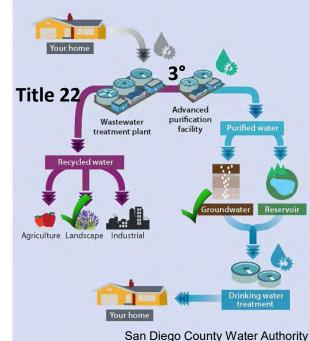


## Reconvening the CEC Science Advisory Panel for Recycled Water



## Reconvening the CEC Science Advisory Panel for Recycled Water

- Re-visit groundwater recharge and landscape irrigation
- Expanded uses under Title 22
- Consider CEC monitoring for surface water augmentation
- Apply the existing framework



 Update list of CECs, surrogates, indicators and monitoring recommendations

SOON

#### CEC Advisory Panel on Ambient Monitoring

Convened Expert Panel: Aquatic Ecosystems

2009

2010

 Develop a monitoring strategy for CECs in marine and freshwater aquatic ecosystems

2011

Pilot study implementation

2014 2015

2016

Final Report: Monitoring Guidance for CECs in Aquatic Ecosystems

2012

2013

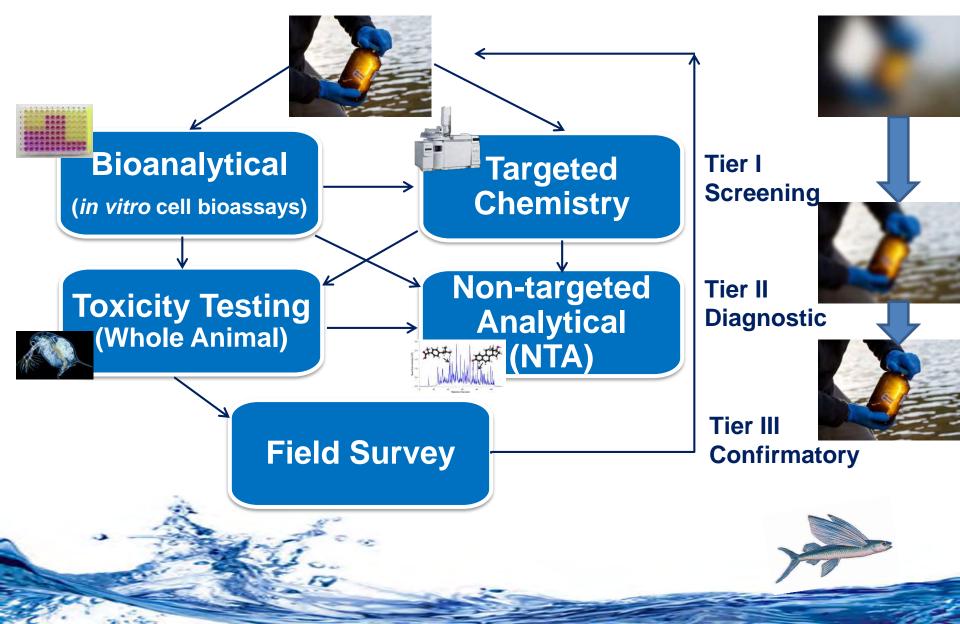
#### Panel Recommendations

- Risk-based framework
   for selecting CECs
- Adaptive monitoring approach

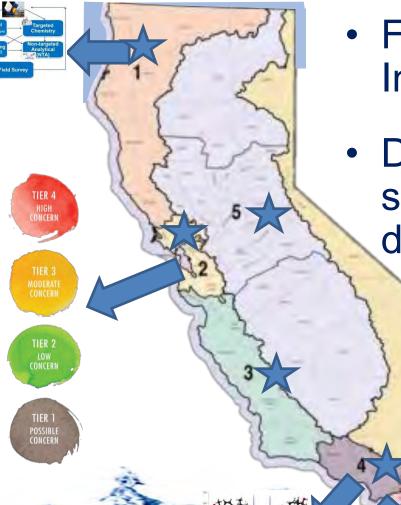
Pilot Studies



#### **CEC Ambient Monitoring Framework**



## CEC Projects at the Regional Water Boards



- February 22, 2017 Information Item
- Data are emerging, and some regions have robust data sets
  - Pilot test the panel's ambient monitoring framework & report back



 <u>Phase 1</u>: Improve statewide coordination and identify existing data sets

Bioanalytical

Toxicity Testing (Whole Animal)

Field Surve

- Current focus is municipal wastewater treatment facilities and ambient CEC monitoring
- Eventually include other programs
- <u>Phase 2</u>: Identify data gaps; what's working and not working with pilot monitoring framework; fill the gaps



- Phase 3: Develop a regulatory framework or management strategy to address CECs statewide
  - Use a risk-based framework to narrow the universe of CECs
  - Regional input with an extensive stakeholder process



Closing the Gaps: Identifying and Funding Research Needs

- Identify research needs by collaborating with the experts
  - e.g., CEC Initiative, SWAMP CEC focus group, outreach to the community, workshops, etc.
- Fund multi-benefit projects

 – e.g., developing SOPs for *in vitro* cell bioassays for water recycled water, stormwater, wastewater influent and effluent, drinking water, ambient, etc.



#### WATER BOND 2014 **PROPOSITION 1**

2

6

#### What's In Proposition 1 Water Quality, Supply and Infrastructure Improvement Act of 2014 **REGIONAL WATER RELIABILITY:** \$810 MILLION Water conservation, stormwater capture and other programs that increase local and regional water supplies. 3 SAFE DRINKING WATER: \$520 MILLION Safe drinking water and clean water programs, particularly for disadvantaged communities. 5 WATERSHEDS AND FLOOD **MANAGEMENT: \$1.89 BILLION** Habitat and watershed programs, enhancement for

rivers and creeks, watersheds in designated areas, state commitments to restoration and statewide flood management.



#### WATER RECYCLING: \$725 MILLION

Water recycling and saltremoval projects to reuse water and maximize supplies.

#### GROUNDWATER SUSTAINABILITY: **\$900 MILLION**

Protection and cleanup of groundwater basins to help achieve sustainability.

#### **STORAGE: \$2.7 BILLION**

New water storage projects to add flexibility to the system and create more places to store water for use later. Dollars would be allocated on a competitive basis to projects ranging from local and regional surface storage to groundwater storage and cleanup to reservoir reoperation.

\$625 million for Water Boards **Recycled Water** Infrastructure

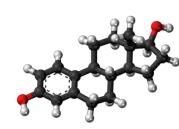
Up to 2% for recycled water research projects

- 1% pilot projects
- 1% other research



# Recycled Water Research Needs: Monitoring and Treatment Performance for CECs

- October 2015 Workshop
- Research themes:



- chemical testing, bioanalytical screening, and non-targeted analyses
- -performance of treatment technologies
- Summary document now available online



## CEC Research Needs

- Improve screening tools
  - Develop standard methods
  - Develop an interpretive framework
- Identify CECs of greatest risk to human health and wildlife
   Are there monitoring
- Improve source control
- Optimize treatment trains

Are there monitoring methods for it?

**Field Survey** 

Bioanalytical

(in vitro cell bioassays)

**Toxicity Testing** 

Whole Animal)

Targeted Chemistry

Non-targeted

Analytical

Is it present at a concentration of concern?

## Developing a Successful CEC Management Strategy

- Must be based on sound science and include an adaptive management framework
- Transparent process with public/stakeholder outreach
   Build trust and confidence
  - Thoughtfully packaging and messaging the science
  - Clear risk communication
- Let's work together



#### July 19 and 21, 2017 in Southern California December 12, 2017 in Sacramento CEC Science Advisory Panel for Recycled Water Meetings



#### Thank You, Any Questions?



