1 2	DANIEL J. O'HANLON, State Bar No. 122380 KRONICK, MOSKOVITZ, TIEDEMANN & GIRARD A Professional Coroth File		
3	400 Capitol Mall, 27 th Floor Sacramento, California 95814 Telephone: (916) 321-4500		
4	Facsimile: (916) 321-4555		
5	Attorneys for Westlands Water District		
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8	BEFORE THE		
9	CALIFORNIA STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL BOARD		
10			
11	In re State Water Resources Control Board	MOTION BY WESTLANDS WATER	
12	Petition Requesting Changes in Water Rights of the Department of Water Resources and	DISTRICT TO STRIKE ENTIRETY OF LAND-290, AND OPPOSITION TO	
13	U.S. Bureau of Reclamation for the California WaterFix Project.	MOTIONS FOR RECONSIDERATION OF JULY 27, 2018 RULING	
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18	I. INTRODUCTION		
19	In their ruling of July 27, 2018, the Hearin	ags Officers struck portions of Exhibit LAND-290,	
20	the testimony of Thomas Stokely offered in supp	posed rebuttal to the testimony of Jose Gutierrez.	
21	Protestants PCFFA, IFR and LAND have moved:	for reconsideration of the July 27 order. Westlands	
22	Water District ("Westlands") respectfully submit	ts that the Hearing Officers did not go far enough	
23	in their July 27 order, and should have stricken L	AND-290 in its entirety. Westlands hereby moves	
24	that the Hearing Officers strike all of LAND-290	# · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
25		tirety because it does not rebut anything in Mr.	
26	Gutierrez's testimony, it is irrelevant to the Part 2		
27	II. SUMMARY OF BACKGROUND INFO		
28		of issues raised and decided in other proceedings,	
	1723462.1 2010-080	ror issues raised and decided in other proceedings,	

MOTION TO STRIKE ENTIRETY OF LAND-290, AND OPPOSITION TO MOTIONS FOR RECONSIDERATION OF JULY 27, 2018 RULING

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issues that have no bearing on the change petition before the Hearing Officers. Before turning to the reasons why LAND-290 should be stricken, it is useful to provide a brief background.

A. Decision 1641 Determined That Nearly All of Westlands Is Within The Permitted Place Of Use In CVP Water Rights Permits

Mr. Stokely suggests that Westlands is using CVP water in locations where it should not be used. The State Water Board exhaustively addressed place of use issues as they relate to Westlands in the proceeding that resulted in Revised Water Right Decision 1641. In its decision, the State Water Board expanded the authorized place of use in the water rights permits for the CVP to include all lands within Westlands that had already been receiving CVP water. (Revised Water Right Decision 1641 at pp. 115-22.) It did so over the objections of Trinity County, represented by Mr. Stokely. (*Id.* at pp. 119-21.) After Decision 1641, only a relatively small portion of Westlands, the so-called expansion lands that were both outside the place of use in the CVP water rights permits and had not yet received CVP water, required any further change petition proceedings before they could receive CVP water. Thus, the State Water Board has recently resolved the issue of the authorized place of use for CVP water within Westlands, and there is no valid reason to revisit place of use here.

B. The Barcellos Judgment Determined That All of Westlands May Receive CVP Water Under Federal Law

Mr. Stokely devotes much of LAND-290 to a theory that a portion of Westlands is not authorized to receive CVP water as a matter of federal law, because that portion was not within the originally proposed service area of the San Luis Unit. This issue was litigated, and resolved, in the Barcellos litigation. Sections 10.1, 10.2 and 10.3 of the Barcellos Judgment (LAND-300) provide that all of Westlands is "within the authorized service area of the Central Valley Project, including the San Luis Unit and Delta Mendota Canal." (LAND-300 at p. 36-37.)

While the Barcellos Judgment is no longer in effect, the legal conclusion adopted in the judgment that all of Westlands is within the authorized service area of the CVP is as true today as when the federal district court entered it in December 1986. There is no valid reason to revisit this legal issue here.

C. Westlands Holds Interim Contracts For CVP Supply Of Up To 1,195,000 Acre-Feet

Mr. Stokely correctly observes in LAND-290 that Westlands is currently receiving water under an interim CVP contract, something Mr. Gutierrez testified to as well. (WWD-15, at pp. 4-5.) Mr. Stokely contends Westlands' next contract may not be for the same quantity, or may not be renewed at all.

Westlands' contract has been renewed every two years since its long-term contract expired at the end of 2007. Each renewal of Westlands' 1963 contract, as amended, has been for a total of 1,150,000 acre-feet. A copy of the current interim contract, which took effect March 1, 2018 and extends the Westlands' contract for CVP water to February 28, 2020, is attached to this memorandum as Exhibit A. As the interim contract recites, completion of environmental documentation necessary for entry of a long-term contract has been delayed for reasons beyond the control of the contracting parties. As a result of assignments of other contracts described by Mr. Gutierrez (WWD-15, at pp. 4-5), which have likewise been renewed, Westlands' total contract quantity is approximately 1,195,000 acre-feet annually. The contract quantities are supported by a needs assessment performed by Reclamation, which has determined that Westlands can put the contract quantity (and more) to beneficial use.¹

In sum, there is nothing substantial or current in LAND-290. It resurrects issues already decided, or matters that are not real issues at all. As we explain next, LAND-290 is irrelevant to and outside the scope of any proper rebuttal in this proceeding.

III. ARGUMENT

A. LAND-290 Is Not Rebuttal Testimony

In his testimony, Mr. Stokely claims to rebut three claims or assertions made by Mr.

¹ See e.g., Reclamation's description of information regarding past beneficial use and projected future needs that is required for CVP contract renewal, at

https://www.usbr.gov/mp/cvpia/3404c/process_info/cont_policies/3_cvp_policies/01_02-22-99.pdf. The needs assessment process and results is described in a 2005 draft EIS regarding long-term contract renewal for the San Luis Unit, at pages 2-2, 2-9 to 2-20, 2-12 and 2-13, available at. https://www.usbr.gov/mp/nepa/includes/documentShow.php?Doc_ID=1905.

Gutierrez. But Mr. Stokely's testimony does not actually respond to anything Mr. Gutierrez testified to. It is not rebuttal.

1. Mr. Stokely's Testimony About A Supposed Federal Cap On Lands Eligible For CVP Water Is Not Rebuttal

First, Mr. Stokely claims to respond to the following statement in Mr. Gutierrez's written testimony, taken from WWD Ex. 15, at 2:14-16: "Westlands Water District is a California water district with its service area in western Fresno and Kings counties encompassing over 600,000 acres with the historical demand for water or about 1.4 million acre feet per year primarily for irrigation." (LAND-290, 3:6-9.) But there is no evidence in LAND-290 rebutting these statements. Mr. Stokely does not assert that Westlands in fact does not encompass 600,000 acres, or that its historical demand for water was not 1.4 million acre-feet per year.

Instead, Mr. Stokely's supposed rebuttal is an ill-informed and incorrect legal argument that Congress authorized delivery of CVP water to a 500,000 acre area in total, including 400,000 acres within Westlands, and that hence delivery of CVP water to lands outside that 500,00 acre area must violate federal law. (LAND-290, 3:1-6-18.) But Mr. Gutierrez's statement is about the physical size of Westlands; Mr. Gutierrez made no statement about federal statutory authorization for deliveries in Westlands, or any lack thereof.

2. Mr. Stokely's Testimony About Water Quantity On Contract Renewal Is Not Rebuttal

Next, Mr. Stokely claims to respond to Mr. Gutierrez's statement that Westlands has a contractual entitlement of 1,150,000 acre-feet of CVP water. (LAND-290, 6:19-20.) He cites Mr. Gutierrez's testimony at WWD-15, page 4, where Mr. Gutierrez describes the initial Westlands contract entered in 1963, the effect of the Barcellos Judgment, and the series of interim, 2 year contracts Westlands has entered beginning in 2008. (WWD-15, 4:17-5:1.) There is no evidence in LAND-290 rebutting these statements. In fact, Mr. Stokely agrees with Mr. Gutierrez that Westlands formerly received water under its 1963 contract and the Barcellos Judgment, and now receives CVP water under an interim contract. (LAND-290, 6:19-7:3.)

Instead, the supposed rebuttal is another legal argument, this time that Westlands has no right to insist that Reclamation renew Westland's CVP contract at the quantity of 1,150,000 acrefeet. (LAND-290, 6:19-9:14.) But Mr. Gutierrez made no statements about whether Westlands has a right to renew its contract at the same quantity provided for under the 1963 contract and Barcellos Judgment. Mr. Stokely's legal arguments about water quantity on contract renewal do not rebut anything Mr. Gutierrez testified to.

3. Mr. Stokely's Testimony About The CVP Being Subject To Area Of Origin-Related Laws And Permit Terms Is Not Rebuttal

Mr. Stokely's third and final point of supposed rebuttal concerns area of origin-related laws and permit terms. He cites the following testimony by Mr. Gutierrez's in WWD-15 as the statement he is responding to: "It is my understanding that Reclamation, the Water Board, and courts have consistently declined to give priority to contractors based on 'area of origin' principles." (LAND-290, 9:15-19.)

The context of this statement makes clear that Mr. Gutierrez was referring to Reclamation's decisions about how to allocate CVP water among its CVP contractors. The statement Mr. Stokely refers to is underlined in the following passage in WWD-15:

Reclamation operates the CVP as an integrated project. This means that Reclamation uses water from all CVP facilities subject to the consolidated place of use approved by Water Rights Decision 1641 to meet the United States' contractual obligations and does not make allocation decisions based on geographical regions. It is my understanding that Reclamation, the Water Board, and courts have consistently declined to give priority to contractors based on 'area of origin' principles. Rather, Reclamation makes allocation decisions based on the terms of the CVP contracts and other policies. Different allocations are made to contractors in one region versus another only in circumstances where Reclamation is unable because of regulatory constraints to move CVP water from one region to another.

(WWD-15, 3:18-23.)

That Mr. Gutierrez's understanding is correct is confirmed by the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeal's decision in *Tehama-Colusa Canal Authority v. United States*, 721 F.3d 1086 (9th Cir. 2012). In that case, CVP water service contractors located north of the Delta sued Reclamation, claiming they were entitled to a full contract allocation of CVP water before water service contractors located south of the Delta received any allocation of CVP water, based on area of origin

principles. (*Tehama-Colusa*, at p. 1088.) In contrast, Reclamation's position was that "[a]rea of origin/county of origin statutes do not give any CVP user a priority over any other CVP user regarding water service provided by CVP contracts... [and that] this is also the position of the State Water Resources Control Board." *Id.* at 1092. The Ninth Circuit ruled for Reclamation, holding that the plaintiffs were bound by the terms of their CVP contracts, which granted them no priority to CVP water over other CVP contractors in times of shortage. *Id.* at 1088.

Mr. Stokely offers no evidence in LAND-290 that Reclamation allocates CVP water among its contractors based on area of origin principles, i.e., that it gives priority in allocation to contractors in some regions over others based on the area of origin, or that the State Water Board or courts have directed that Reclamation must do so. Instead, Mr. Stokely's supposed rebuttal is yet more legal argument, this time that Reclamation is subject to water right permit terms and federal statutes that provide protections for areas of origin. (LAND-290, 9:15-11:19.) But Mr. Gutierrez said nothing to the contrary. Mr. Gutierrez made no assertion that "USBR need not comply with area of origin requirements." (LAND-290, 1:15-16.) Mr. Gutierrez's testimony concerned allocation of CVP water among CVP contractors, not whether in its operation of the CVP Reclamation is subject to area of origin laws, or permit terms designed to benefit local areas. Mr. Stokely's arguments about the application of area of origin related permit terms or programs are not rebuttal to anything in Mr. Gutierrez's testimony.

In sum, the testimony in LAND-290 is not proper rebuttal testimony, because it does not respond to testimony submitted by Mr. Gutierrez. It should therefore be stricken.

B. LAND-290 Is Irrelevant To The Part 2 Issues

This proceeding should not be used as an occasion to dredge up whatever issues one party has with another, when those issues have nothing to do with the change petition for the WaterFix project. The Hearing Officers may and should exclude such evidence as irrelevant.

LAND-290 is irrelevant evidence. Mr. Stokely's testimony has no bearing on whether the changes proposed in the petition will unreasonably affect fish and wildlife, recreational uses, or other public trust resources. It has no bearing on whether the changes proposed in the petition are in the public interest. It does not inform whether the Final Environmental Impact Report should be

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The issues LAND-290 does address are not the subject of this proceeding. This proceeding will not determine whether federal law imposes some acreage limitation on the lands that may receive water from the San Luis Unit. This proceeding will not determine whether Westlands has a right to renew its CVP contract at the existing quantity. This proceeding will not determine whether Reclamation's allocation of CVP water among its contractors is subject to area of origin priorities. The Hearing Officers should therefore reject Mr. Stokely's attempt to raise these extraneous issues and exclude LAND-290 as irrelevant to the Part 2 issues.

C. LAND-290 Is Inexpert Legal Argument That Should Be Left To Briefing

In the July 27 ruling, the Hearing Officers explained that "legal or other non-expert *argument* or *interpretation* of evidence from the case-in-chief phase is not proper rebuttal when it has no independent evidentiary value and does not introduce any new evidence. Such arguments or interpretations can and should be made as part of a party's closing brief." (Emphasis in original.) The July 27 ruling recognized that at least portions of LAND-290 fit this description. Respectfully, so does the rest of LAND-290.

D. The Motions For Reconsideration Should Be Denied

PCFFA asks the Hearing Officer's to reconsider the July 27 order on the basis that the stricken portions supposedly rebut statements by Mr. Gutierrez. In fact, they do not, which is apparent from both the quotations in PCFFA's motion and the discussion above. LAND joins in PCFFA's argument, and in addition argues that LAND-290 should be allowed because other witnesses have offered legal conclusions too. While some other witnesses have been allowed to testify on legal issues, at least they were germane to the issues in this proceeding. Mr. Stokely's legal conclusions in LAND-290 are not.

IV. CONCLUSION

The Hearing Officers should strike LAND-290 in its entirety, and deny the motions for

1	reconsideration, because LAND-290 does not rebut any statements by Mr. Gutierrez, is irrelevant	
2	and is primarily legal argument be	est left to briefing.
3		
4	DATED: August 9, 2018	KRONICK, MOSKOVITZ, TIEDEMANN & GIRARD A Professional Corporation
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6 7		By:
8	-	Daniel J. O'Hanlon Attorneys for Westlands Water District
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United States Department of the Interior

BUREAU OF RECLAMATION Mid-Pacific Regional Office 2800 Cottage Way Sacramento, CA 95825-1898

IN REPLY REFER TO

MP-440 WTR-4.00

MAR 3 0 2013

Board of Directors Westlands Water District P.O. Box 6056 Fresno, CA 93703

Subject: Interim Renewal Contract No. 14-06-200-495A-IR6 Between the United States and Westlands Water District Providing for Project Water Service – Central Valley Project, California

Dear Board of Directors:

Enclosed is an executed original of the subject contract for your records. The Bureau of Reclamation appreciates the effort expended by Westlands Water District and its representatives relative to this contract.

If there are any questions, please contact Mr. Stanley Data, Repayment Specialist, at 916-978-5246, or e-mail sdata@usbr.gov.

Sincerely,

Richard J. Woodley

Regional Resource Manager

Enclosure

1 2 3 4	UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR BUREAU OF RECLAMATION Central Valley Project, California	
5 6 7 8 9	INTERIM RENEWAL CONTRACT BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND WESTLANDS WATER DISTRICT PROVIDING FOR PROJECT WATER SERVICE FROM THE SAN LUIS UNIT AND DELTA DIVISION	
10	THIS CONTRACT, made this ST day of MARCH , 2018,	
11	in pursuance generally of the Act of June 17, 1902 (32 Stat. 388), and acts amendatory or	
12	supplementary thereto, including, but not limited to, the acts of August 26, 1937 (50 Stat. 844),	
13	as amended and supplemented, August 4, 1939 (53 Stat. 1187), as amended and supplemented,	
14	July 2, 1956 (70 Stat. 483), June 21, 1963 (77 Stat. 68), October 12, 1982 (96 Stat. 1263), as	
15	amended, and Title XXXIV of the Act of October 30, 1992 (106 Stat. 4706), all collectively	
16	hereinafter referred to as Federal Reclamation law, between the UNITED STATES OF	
17	AMERICA, hereinafter referred to as the United States, and WESTLANDS WATER	
18	DISTRICT, hereinafter referred to as the Contractor, a public agency of the State of California,	
19	duly organized, existing, and acting pursuant to the laws thereof;	
20	WITNESSETH, That:	
21	EXPLANATORY RECITALS	
22	WHEREAS, the United States and the Contractor entered into interim renewal Contract	
23	(long-form interim renewal contract) No. 14-06-200-495A-IR1 which provided for the continued	
24	water service after Contract No. 14-06-200-495A (which addressed the "Contract Between the	

25	United States and Westlands Water District Providing for Water Service", dated June 5, 1963,	
26	and the Stipulated Judgment in the lawsuit entitled Barcellos and Wolfsen, Inc. v. Westlands	
27	Water District, Civ. No. F-79-106-EDP (E.D. Cal.), as consolidated with Westlands Water	
28	District v. United States of America, Civ. No. F-81-245-EDP (E.D. Cal.), entered into on	
29	December 30, 1986) ended water service on December 31, 2007; and	
30	WHEREAS, the last long-form interim renewal contract between the United	
31	States and the Contractor is Contract No. 14-06-200-495A-IR1, hereinafter referred to as IR1; and	
32	WHEREAS, the United States and the Contractor have entered into successive	
33	renewals of IR1, the most recent of which is Contract No. 14-06-200-495A-IR5, hereinafter	
34	referred to as IR5, effective March 1, 2016, through February 28, 2018; and	
35	WHEREAS, the United States and the Contractor have made significant progress	
36	in their negotiations of a long-term renewal contract, believe that further negotiations on the	
37	long-term renewal contract would be beneficial, and mutually commit to continue to negotiate to	
38	seek to reach agreement, but anticipate that the environmental documentation necessary for	
39	execution of any long-term renewal contract may be delayed for reasons beyond the control of	
10	the parties; and	
4 1	WHEREAS, the Contractor has requested a subsequent interim renewal contract	
12	pursuant to IR5; and	
13	WHEREAS, the United States has determined that the Contractor has to date	
14	fulfilled all of its obligations under IR5; and	
15	WHEREAS, the United States is willing to renew IR5 pursuant to the terms and	
16	conditions set forth below;	

47	NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual and dependent covenants		
48	herein contained, it is hereby mutually agreed by the parties hereto as follows:		
49 50	RENEWAL AND REVISION OF CONTRACT NO. 14-06-200-495A-IR5		
51	1. Except as specifically modified by this Contract, all provisions of IR5 are		
52	renewed with the same force and effect as if they were included in full text with the exception of		
53	Article 1 of IR5 thereof, which is revised as follows:		
54	(a) The first sentence in subdivision (a) of Article 1 of IR5 is replaced with		
55	the following language: "This Contract shall be effective from March 1, 2018, and shall remain		
56	in effect through February 29, 2020, and thereafter will be renewed as described in Article 2 of		
57	IR1 if a long-term renewal contract has not been executed with an effective commencement date		
58	of March 1, 2020."		
59	(b) Subdivision (b) of Article 1 of IR5 is amended by deleting the date		
60	"February 28, 2018," and replacing same with the date "February 29, 2020."		

61 IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Contract as of the day and year first above written. 62 63 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA 64 By: 65 Regional Director, Mid-Pacific Region Bureau of Reclamation 66 67 68 WESTLANDS WATER DISTRICT 69 70 President of the Board of Directors 71 Attest: 72 By: 73 Secretary of the Board of Directors

STATEMENT OF SERVICE

CALIFORNIA WATERFIX PETITION HEARING Department of Water Resources and U.S. Bureau of Reclamation (Petitioners)

I hereby certify that I have this day submitted to the State Water Resources Control Board and caused a true and correct copy of the following document(s):

Motion by Westlands Water District to Strike Entirety of LAND-290, and Opposition to Motion for Reconsideration of July 27, 2018 Ruling

to be served by Electronic Mail (email) upon the parties listed in Table 1 of the Current Service List for the California WaterFix Petition Hearing, dated August 7, 2018 ______, posted by the State Water Resources Control Board at http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/waterrights/water_issues/programs/bay_delta/california_waterfix/service_list.shtml:

Note: In the event that any emails to any parties on the Current Service List are undeliverable, you must attempt to effectuate service using another method of service, if necessary, and submit another statement of service that describes any changes to the date and method of service for those parties.

For Petitioners Only:

I caused a true and correct hard copy of the document(s) to be served by the following method of service to Suzanne Womack & Sheldon Moore, Clifton Court, L.P., 3619 Land Park Drive, Sacramento, CA 95818:

Method of Service:

Method of Service:

I certify that the foregoing is true and correct and that this document was executed on

August 9, 2018

Date

Signature:

Name: Sherry Ramirez

Title: Legal Secretary

Party/Affiliation: Westlands Water District

Address: 400 Capitol Mall, 28th Floor

Sacramento, CA 95814