RECLANATION Managing Water in the West

Sacramento River

Temperature Management

SWRCB Workshop



U.S. Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation

March 18, 2016

Presentation Overview

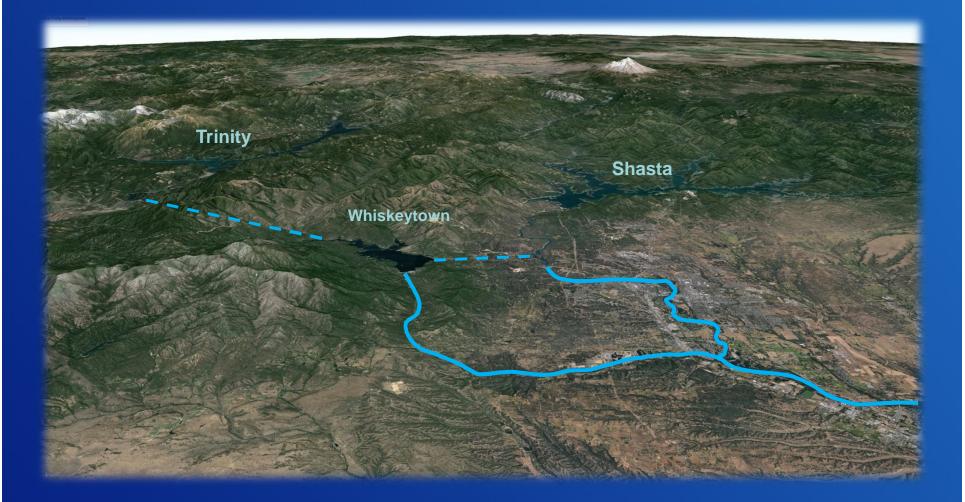
- Improved Processes, Metrics and System Understandings
- Plan to Develop and Carryout 2016 Temperature Plan
- Outlook for 2016 Sacramento River Temperature Management

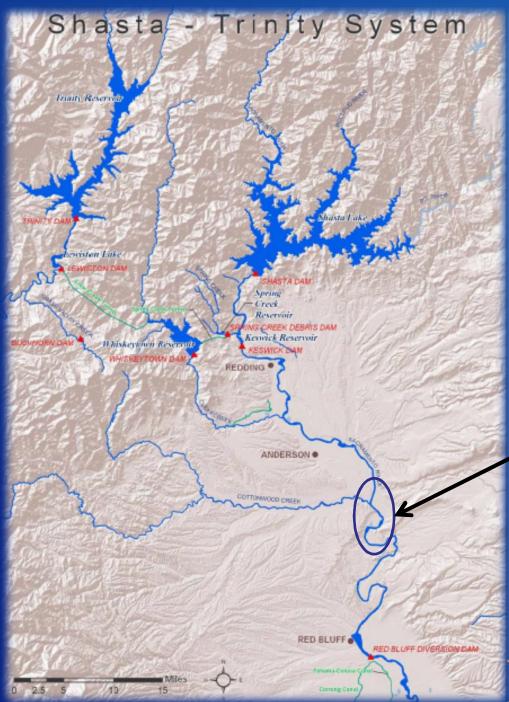
Improved Processes

- Model Adjustments
- Added Tools and Data Collection
- Improved Communications



Northern CVP Reservoirs

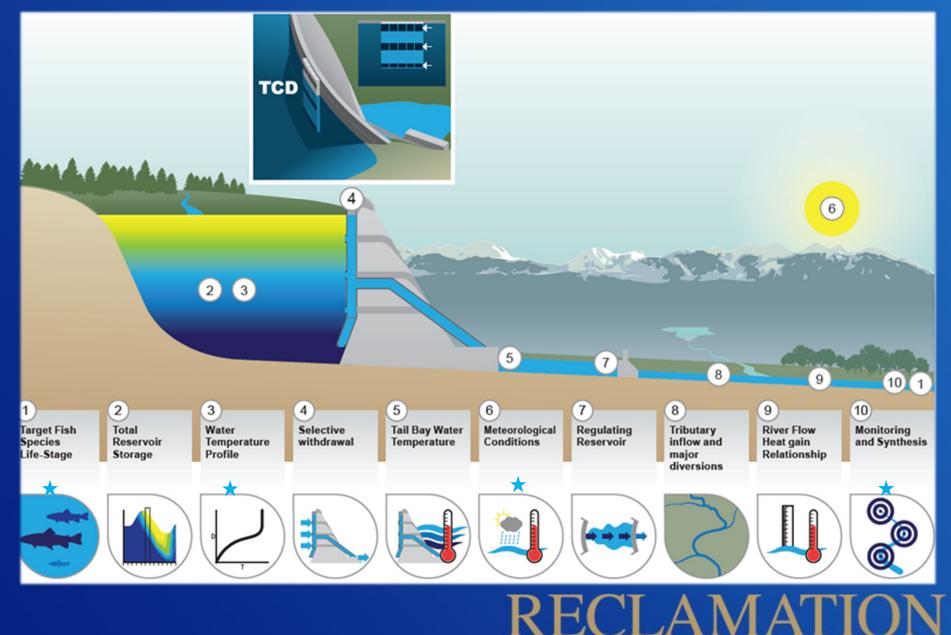




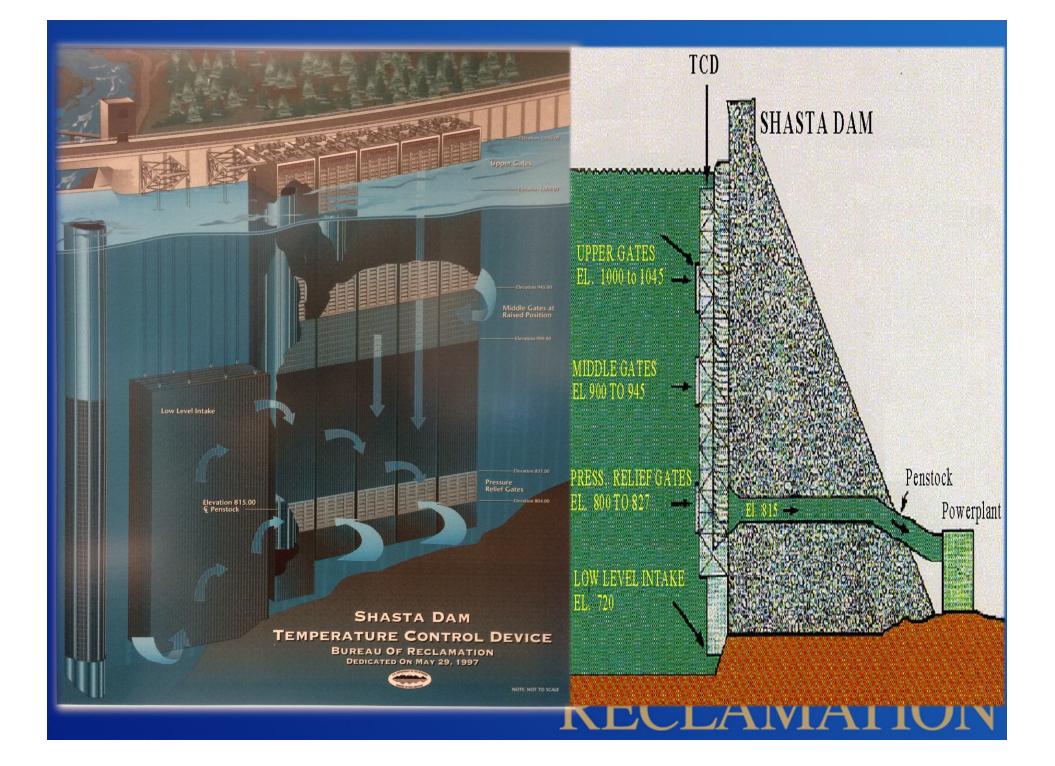
Northern CVP Reservoirs

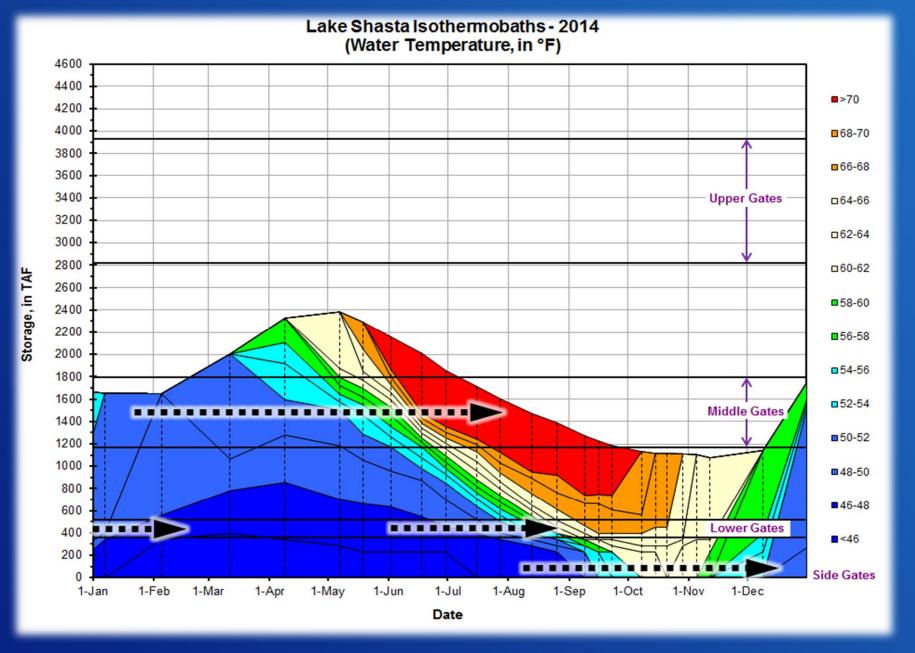
Balls Ferry and Jellys Ferry

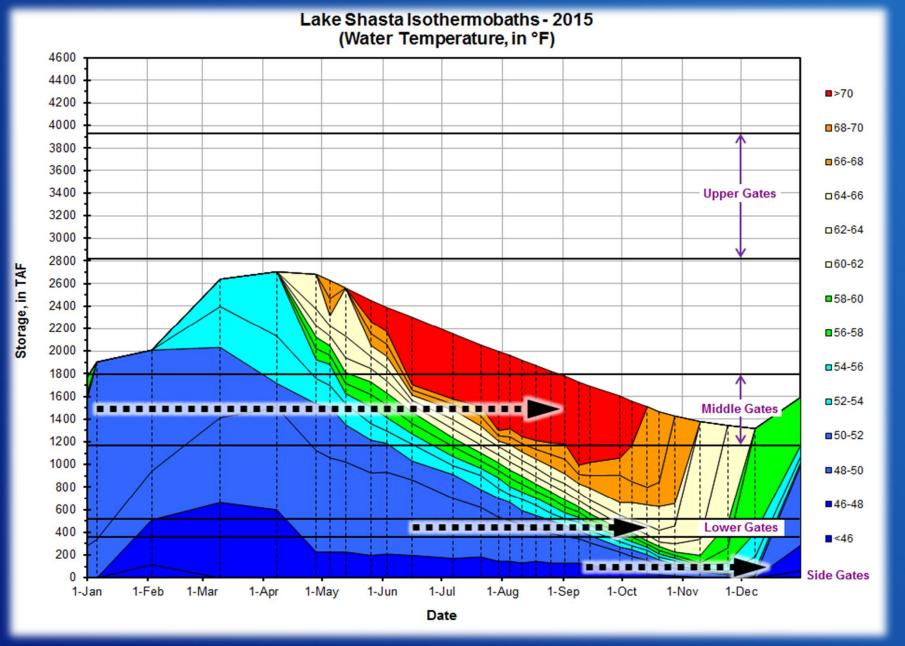
Elements of Temperature Management



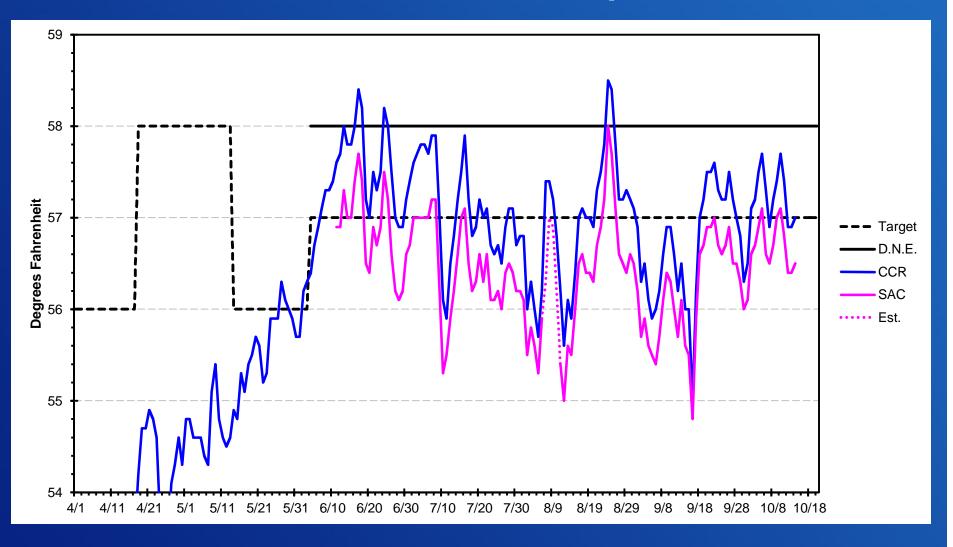




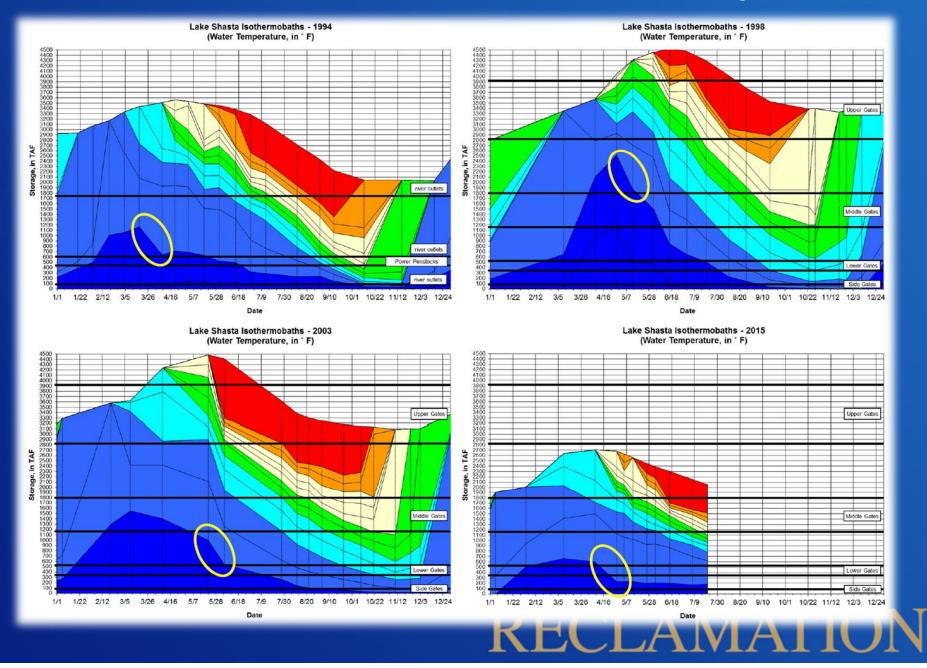




SAC and CCR Temperature



Uncertainties -- Initial Shasta Reservoir Temperature



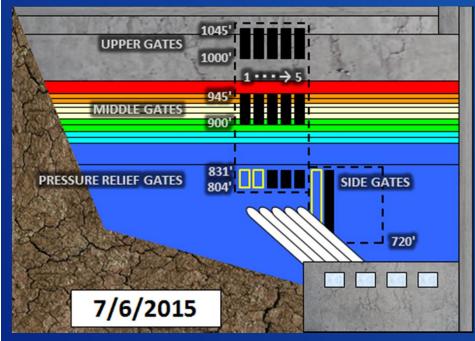
Adjustments in 2015

- New temperature gauge (SAC) right above Highway 44
- River Temperature Model Adjustment for the Reach KWK to CCR gage location
- Use of estimated 10% L3MTO meteorological data (warmer outlook for the temperature season)
- Installation of TCD Curtain (to reduce potential warm water blending in the TCD)
- Very Close Coordinated Operations with Sacramento River Settlement Contractors (*Wilkin Slough flows at or near 3,000 cfs for extended periods Summer 2016*)

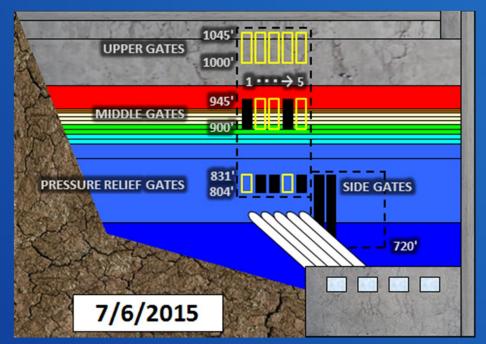
Additional Actions 2016

- New Oak Bottom Temperature Curtain Installation
- More Structured SRTTG Information Sharing
 - Meeting Structure
 - Data Exchange / Consolidation
 - Group Configuration
- Additional RAFT Model Information

First Side Gate Opened (Per Model Run)

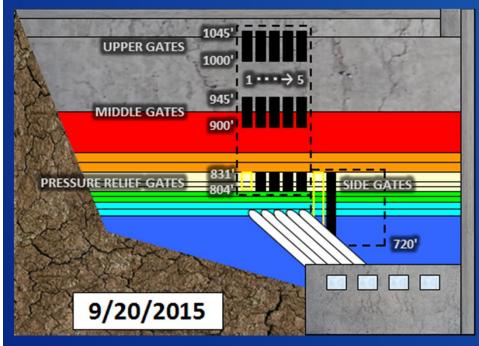


June 16th 10% model run results

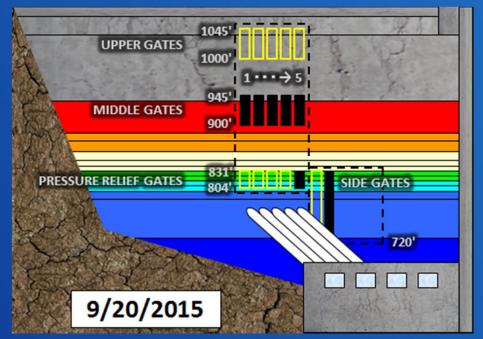


Actual Operations

Primary Reliance of Side Gate (Per Model Run)



September 1st 10% model run results



Actual Operations

NMFS Biological Opinion

RPA Actions I.2.3 – Sacramento River Temperature Planning

- I.2.3.A : If Balls Ferry compliance point and 2.2 maf EOS are both achievable: Standard Plan of Operations
- I.2.3.B : If only Balls Ferry compliance point or 2.2 maf EOS, but not both, are achievable: Reduced Spring Keswick Flows with Additional Coordination
- I.2.3.C : If either CCR compliance point or 1.9 maf EOS are not achievable: Additional Drought Actions

2016 Plan Formulation

Agency and Stakeholder Input

- Agency-level Coordination (Ongoing)
- March 17 SWRCB Workshop
- Working Temp + Flow Forecast April 1
- Stakeholder Meeting Early April
- Submit Plan by April 22
- Fine-tuning mid-May, as needed

2016 Plan Implementation

Structure to Guide Adjustments

- SRTTG Meetings
 - Structured Technical Monthly Meetings
 - Added Meetings as Conditions Warrant

- Provides Real-time Information
- Agency-level Temperature Team

 Assesses Plan Adjustments
 Reports Out to WOMT and RTDOT

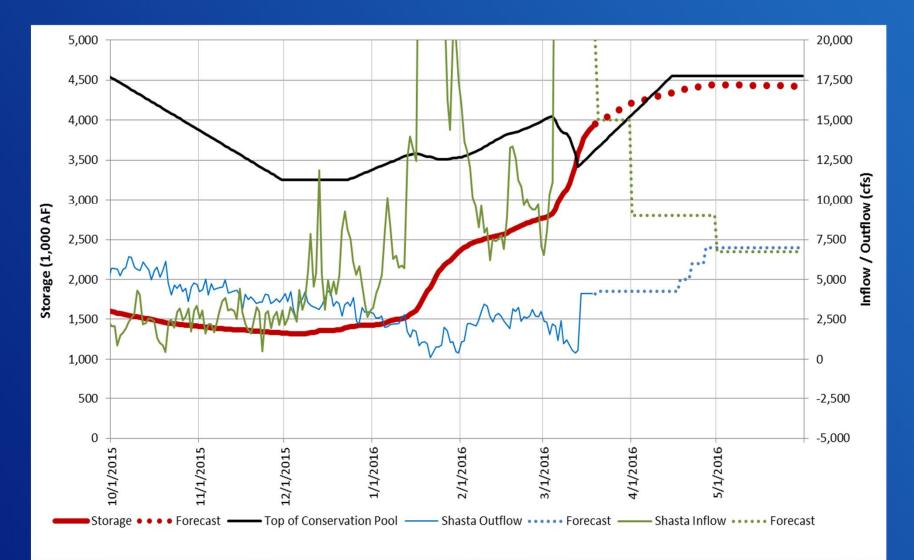
Current Shasta Conditions

Challenge of Fill Management

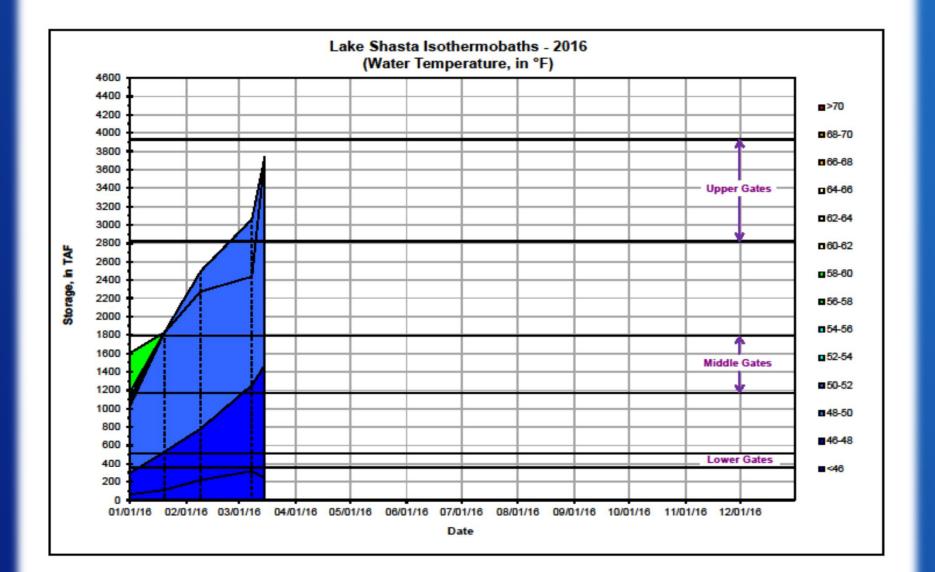
- Current Storage 3.9 maf
- Encroached into Flood Space
- 15.4 inches of Rain so far in March 2016

- Forecasted April July Runoff
 - 25% 2.4 maf
 - 50% 1.7 maf
 - -90% 1.5 maf

Shasta Flood Diagram







General "Rule-of-Thumb"

Lake Shasta End of April Storage

Potential for Meeting Compliance Point Target of 56° F (Apr-Sep) 3.1 Bend Bridge Target Potential NOTES: 2.9 1. Relationship is based on modeled mean daily temperature, supported by historical operation. **Jellys Ferry Target Potential** 2. The chart does not address the potential for meeting fall temperature targets. 2.7 End of April Lake Volume $\leq 52^{\circ}$ F, in MAF **Balls Ferry Target Potential** 2.5 2.3 Clear Creek Target Potential 2.1 High Low 1.9 1.7 Probability of achieving target 1.5 1.3 1.1 0.9 Rev. 1/6/10 0.7 2.4 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.6 2.8 3.2 3.4 3.8 4.0 1.6 3.0 3.6 4.2 4.4 4.6

End of April Storage, in MAF

